The Columbian
—AND—
Bloomsburg Democrat.

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CHARLES B. BROCKWAY,
Editor and Proprietor.

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BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

STOVES AND TINWARE.

JACOB METZ, dealer in stoves & tinware, Main st., above court house. vi-n43

A. M. RUPERT, stoves and tinware, Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. vi-n43

CLOTHING, &C.

D. LOWENBERG, merchant tailor, Main st., 2d door above American house. vi-n43

J. W. CHEMBERLIN, wholesale and retail dealer in clothing, etc.; Hartman's building, Main street. vi-n43

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &C.

L. N. MOYER, druggist and apothecary, Exchange block Main st. vi-n43

E. P. LUTZ, druggist and apothecary, Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. vi-n43

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

LOUIS BERNHARD, watch and clock maker, near southeast corner Main and Iron sts. vi-n43

C. E. SAVAGE, dealer in clocks, watches and jewelry, Main st., just below American House. vi-n43

R. CATHCART, watch and clock maker, Market st., below Main. vi-n43

BOOTS AND SHOES.

C. M. BROWN, boot and shoemaker, Main street opposite Court House. vi-n43

A. SOLLIDER, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, Main st., opposite Episcopal church vi-n43

HENRY KLEIM, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, groceries etc., East Bloomsburg Main st. vi-n43

DAVID BETZ, boot and shoemaker, Main st., below Hartman's store, west of Market street. vi-n43

PROFESSIONAL.

J. R. EVANS, M. D. surgeon and physician south side Main st., below Market. vi-n43

D. R. B. F. Kinney surgeon dentist, teeth extracted without pain. Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church. vi-n46

J. B. M'KELVY, M. D. surgeon and physician north side Main st., below Market. vi-n43

J. C. RUTTER, M. D. surgeon and Physician, Market st., above Main. vi-n43

D. R. H. C. HOWER, surgeon dentist, Main st., above court house. vi-n43

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office Hartman's building, Main Street. v2-n20

E. R IKELER, Attorney-at-Law, Office, 2d floor in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange Hotel." v2n1

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY, milliner, Ramsey building, Main st. vi-n43

MISS A. D. WEBB, fancy goods, notions, books, stationery, north side Main street below Market. vi-n43

E. PETERMAN, millinery and fancy goods opposite Episcopal church, Main st. vi-n43

MISS JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, ladies cloaks and dress pattern, southeast corner Main and west st. vi-n43

MISS M. DERRICKSON, millinery and fancy goods Main st., opposite Court House. vi-n44

MISS. M. B. FURMAN, milliner, Main st., below Hartman's store, west of Market st. vi-n43

THE MISSES HARMAN millinery and fancy goods, Main street just below American house. vi-n44

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

J. LEACOCK, oyster and eating saloon, American House, Main st., Baltzer Leacock superintendent. vi-n45

WIDMYER & JACOBY, confectionery, bakery, and oyster saloon, wholesale and retail, Exchange block, Main st. vi-n43

FOX & WEBB, confectionery, bakery, and oyster saloon, wholesale and retail, Main st., just below Iron. vi-n46

EXCHANGE HOTEL, by Koons & Clark, Main st., opposite court house. vi-n43

AMERICAN HOUSE, by JOHN LEACOCK, Main st., west of Iron street. vi-n43

FORKS HOTEL, by G. W. MAUGER, east end of Main st. vi-n43

B. STOHNER, refreshment saloon, Main st., just above court house. vi-n43

KOONS & CLARK, refreshment saloon, Exchange hotel. vi-n43

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

E. JACOBS, Confectionery, groceries etc Main st., above Court House, vi-n46

S. H. MILLER, dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, flour, salt, shoes, notions, etc, Exchange block, Main street, vi-n43

M'KELVY NEAL & Co., dealers in dry goods, groceries, flour, feed, salt, fish, iron, nails, etc., northeast corner Main and market st. vi-n43

H. C. HOWER, hats and caps, boots and shoes, Main st., above Court House. vi-n43

C. C. MARR, dry goods and notions, southwest corner Main and Iron sts. vi-n43

J. J. BROWER, dry goods, groceries, etc., northwest corner Main and Iron sts. vi-n43

D. A. BECKLEY, Keystone shoe store, books and stationery, southwest corner Market and Main sts. vi-n43

WILLIAM ERASMUS, confectioneries, Main st., near the railroad. vi-n43

E. MENDENHALL, general stock of merchandise and lumber, corner of Main street and Berwick road. vi-n43

J. J. ROBBINS, dealer in dry goods groceries etc. Shive's block, Main st., below Iron vi-n43

J. K. GIRTON, Groceries & Provisions, southeast corner Main and Iron Streets. vi-n44

A. J. SLOAN, dealer in choice dry goods, Housekeeping goods, fresh groceries, etc., etc. Main st., opposite court house. v-in2

J. K. EYER, groceries and general merchandise Main st., above West. vi-n43

T. SHARPLESS, dry goods, groceries, boots, shoes, etc., Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. vi-n43

S. CRAMER & A. E. HAYHURST, Dealers in Groceries, Confectioneries and Notions, Scottown, south side, two doors above Brobst's wagonmaker shop. v-n18.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN M GUGEL, Sign, Ornamental and Decorative painter Scottown, cor 8th & B Rst. vi-42

G. W. CORELL, furniture rooms, three story brick on Main st., west of Market st. vi-n43

E. J. THORNTON, wall paper, window shades, and fixtures, Rupert block, Main st. vi-n43

H. ROSENSTOCK, photographer, Exchange block, Main st., opposite court house. vi-n43

J. F. BROADT, photographer, Hartman's building northeast corner Main and Market st. vi-n43

E. J. BIDLEMAN, Agent Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod. v2-n19

J. B. PURSELL, saddle, trunk and harness maker, Main st., below court, house. vi-n48

C. FOSTER, Glue Maker, and White and fancy Tanner, Scottown. vi-n47

BLOOMSBURG LUMBER CO., manufacturers and dealers in Lumber, of all kinds, planing mill near the rail-road. vi-n43

W. J. BIDLEMAN, saddle and harness maker, near southwest corner Main and Market st. vi-n43

A. WITMAN, marble works, near southwest corner Main and Market sts. vi-n43

R. H. RINGLER, dealer in pianos, organs and melodeons, at G. W. Corell's furniture rooms vi-n43

D. W. ROBBINS, liquor dealer second door from northwest corner Main and Iron sts. vi-n43

W. PEACOCK, Notary Public, northeast corner Main and Market st. vi-n48

JOHN A. FUNSTON, mutual and cash rates fire insurance company, northeast corner Main and West sts. vi-n48

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road. vi-n47

N. W. SAMPLE & CO. Machinists, East Bloomsburg near railroad. Castings made at short Notice machinery made and repaired. v2-n23

S. KUHN, dealer in meat tallow, etc., Chemberlin's alley, back of American house. vi-n43

ORANGEVILLE DIRECTORY.

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, physician and surgeon, Main st., next door to Good's Hotel. vi-n47

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment saloon, by Wm. Mastellar cor. of Main and Pine st. vi-n47

SWAN HOTEL, the upper house by John Snyder, Main st., above Pine. vi-n47

HARMAN BROTHERS, Tanners and manufacturers of leather, on Main st., below Goods' Hotel. v2-n47

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill Street. vi-n47

DOWER & HERRING, dealer in dry goods, groceries, lumber and general Merchandise Main st. vi-n47

GEORGE LAZARUS, saddle and harness maker Main st., above the Swan Hotel. vi-n47

W. H. SMITH, manufacturer of tin ware and dealer in stoves etc, Main st., above the Swan Hotel. vi-n47

A. & E. W. COLEMAN, Merchant tailor and Gent's furnishing goods, Main st., next door to the brick hotel. vi-n47

M. S. HAYHURST, Clocks, Watches and Guns repaired. Guns and Watches for sale, Main St., below Pine. vi-n47

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker, and Undertaker, Main st., below Pine. vi-n47

MICHAEL C. KELLER, Confectionery, Oysters &c. &c., on Pine St., between Main and Mill. vi-n47

H. & C. KELCHNER, Blacksmiths, on Mill Street, near Pine. vi-n47

WILLIAM DELONG, Shoemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Mill St., west of Pine vin9

LEWIS H. SCHUYLER, Iron founder, Machinist, and Manufacturer of plows, Mill St. vi-n47

MILES A. WILLIAMS & Co., Tanners and Manufacturers of leather, Mill Street. vi-n47

JOHN KELLER, Boot and Shoemaker, Pine Street, opposite the Academy vi-n47

R. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main Street, below Pine. vi-n47

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Hayhurst Grain Cradle, Main St. v2n5.

J. M. HARMAN, saddle and harness maker Orangeville, opposite Frame church. vi2n11

CATAWISSA DIRECTORY.

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick Hotel, S. Kostebander proprietor, south-east corner Main and Second Street. v2-n12

J. H. CREASY, dry goods, groceries, and general Merchandise, Main Street. v2-n12

S. D. RINARD, dealer in stoves and tin-ware, Main Street. v2-n13

W. H. ABBETT, attorney at law, Main Street. v2-n13

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street. v2-n12

L. KEILER, billiard saloon, oysters, and ice cream in season Main Street. v2-n12

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St., Robbins' Building. v2-n18.

D. R. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician, Second St., below Main. v2-n18.

J. B. KISTLER, "Cattawisa House," North West Corner Main and Second Streets. v2-n18.

M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries &c. v2-n18.

LIGHT STREET DIRECTORY.

PETER ENT, dealer in dry goods, groceries, flour, feed, salt, fish, iron, nails, etc., Light Street. vi-n45

J. EBWILLIGER, Cabinetmaker, Undertaker and Chairmaker.

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above school house. vi-n46

MRS. E. KLINE, millinery and fancy goods. vi-n46

J. W. SANKEY, dealer in Leather, Hides, Bark, etc. Cash paid for Hides. vi-n46

WM. M. ENT, dealer in stoves and tin ware in all its branches. vi-n46

JOHN A. OMAN, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes. vi-n64.

J. J. LEISER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician, Office at Keller's Hotel. v2-n22

ESPY DIRECTORY.

J. D. WERKHEISER, Boot and Shoe Store and manufactory. Shop on Main street, opposite steam Mill. v2-n46

ESPY STEAM FLOURING MILLS, C. S. Fowler, Proprietor.

B. F. REIGHARD, & BRO., dealers in dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise. v12n11

J. D. CALDWELL, dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, hardware, fish, salt, nails, etc., etc.,

T. W. EIGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Manufactory. v12n11

BUCKHORN DIRECTORY.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in dry goods, groceries and general merchandise, First store in south end of town. v2-n18.

JACOB & WM. HARRIS, dealers in dry goods, groceries, drugs and medicines. First store in north end of town. v-n18.

JERSEYTOWN DIRECTORY.

JACOB A. SWISHER, dealer in Hides, Leather Bark etc. Madison township Columbia county Pa. vi-n46

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., PA.

The undersigned having purchased this well-known and centrally-located house, the Exchange Hotel, situate on MAIN STREET, in Bloomsburg immediately opposite the Columbia county Court House, respectfully inform their friends and the public in general that their house is now in order for the reception and entertainment of travellers who may be disposed to favor it with their custom. They have spared no expense in preparing the Exchange for the entertainment of their guests neither shall there be anything wanting on their part to minister to their personal comfort. They house is spacious, and enjoys an excellent business location.

Omnibuses run at all times between the Exchange Hotel and the various railroad depots, by which travellers will be pleasantly conveyed to and from the respective stations in due time to meet the cars. KOONS & CLARK.

Bloomsburg, April 3, 1868.

FORK'S HOTEL,
GEORGE W. MAUGER, Proprietor.

The above well-known hotel has recently undergone radical changes in its internal arrangements, and its proprietor announces to his former custom and the travelling public that his accommodations for the comfort of his guests are second to none in the country. His table will always be found supplied, not only with substantial food, but with all the delicacies of the season. His wines and liquors (except that popular beverage known as "*McHenry*"), purchased direct from the importing houses, are entirely pure, and free from all poisonous drugs. He is thankful for a liberal patronage in the past, and will continue to deserve it in the future. GEORGE W. MAUGER.

EXCHANGE SALOON,

The Proprietor of the Exchange Saloon has now on hand a large stock of

SUMMER REFRESHMENTS,
consisting of
SPICED OYSTERS, SARDINES, TRIPE, BOLOGNAS
SHEEP TONGUE, BOILED EGGS, SWEITZER CHEESE.

LAGER BEER, ALE, &C.

COME ONE, COME ALL AND SEE.

LAWSON CALMAN.
Superintendent.

Bloomsburg, May 3, 1867.

THE ESPY HOTEL,
ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has taken the above well known House of Entertainment, and will be pleased to receive the custom of all who will favor him with a call.

HE WILL KEEP A GOOD TABLE,

a Bar well stocked with the best of Liquors, and every effort will be made to render entire satisfaction. C. H. DIETTERICH.

Espy, Pa., April 12, 1867.

G. W. BLAKON & CO.,
Manufacturers of
OIL CLOTHS AND WINDOW SHADES,
Warehouse, No. 124 North Third Street
Philadelphia.

BUSINESS CARDS.

JOB
PRINTING
Neatly executed at this Office.

M. M. L'VELLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Ashland, Schuylkill County, Penn'a.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office with E. H. Little, in brick building adjoining Post Office. Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. (sep3'67.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in Register and Recorder's office, in the basement of the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa.

ROBERT F. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office corner of Main and Market streets, over First National Bank, Bloomsburg, Pa.

E. H. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office on Main street, in brick building below the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE—Court House Alley, below the Columbian Office. [Jan1'67.

AUCTIONEER.
MOSES COFFMAN,
Having followed the profession of Public Vendue Crier for many years, would inform his friends that he is still in the field, ready and willing to attend to all the duties of his calling. Persons desiring his services should call or write to him at Bloomsburg, Pa. [mar8'67.

J. B. PURSEL,
HARNESS, SADDLE, AND TRUNK
MANUFACTURER,
and dealer in
CARPET-BAGS, VALISES, FLY-NETS,
BUFFALO ROBES, HORSE-BLANKETS &c.,
which he feels confident he can sell at lower rate than any other person in the country. Examine for yourselves.
Shop first door below the Post Office Main Street, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Nov. 15, 1867.

S. C. COLLINS,
FASHIONABLE
SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING
AND
SHAMPOOING SALOON,
Over Widmayer & Jacoby's Ice Cream Saloon,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Hair Dyeing and Whiskers colored black or brown. Hair Tonic to destroy dandruff and beautifying the hair; will restore hair to its original color without soiling the finest fabric, constantly on hand. [apr12'67.

DENTISTRY.
H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,
Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN TEETH which will be inserted on gold plating, natural teeth. Teeth boarded on the most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.
Residence and office a few doors above the Court House, on the side.
Bloomsburg, Jan. 31, '68 1f

POWDER KEGS AND LUMBER.
W. M. MONROE & CO.,
Rupert, Pa.,
Manufacturers of
POWDER KEGS,
and dealers in all kinds of
LUMBER,
give notice that they are prepared to accomodate their custom with dispatch, and on the cheapest terms.

UNION HOTEL,
ROHRSBURG, PA.
The undersigned would respectfully inform the traveling public that he has purchased and refitted in the best manner the old stand formerly occupied by W. A. Kline, and that he is now prepared to accommodate his friends with all the comforts and conveniences of a first-class house. A fine new barn has been built and the surroundings placed in perfect order. The bar will always be stocked with the choicest liquors and cigars, and the table furnished with the best the market affords. JAMES V. GILLASPIE.
July 3,'68-1

BRICK HOTEL,
ORANGEVILLE, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
WM. MASTELLER, PROPRIETOR.
Having taken possession of this well-known house, so long kept by Samuel Everett, the Proprietor has put in it permanent repair and furnished BAR AND LARDER with the choicest liquors and newest delicacies. His stable is not excelled in the county; and no pains will be spared to accommodate guests [apr1'68

DOBBINS'
ELECTRIC BOOT POLISH
MAKES A LASTING SHINE.
Those who black their Boots on Saturday night with ordinary blacking, don't have much shine on Sunday, as the polish fades off; but the shine of
DOBBINS' BLACKING
Lasts Saturday Night and all day Sunday.
It beats any other Blacking made.
Manufactured only by J. B. Dobbins, at his immense Soap and Blacking Works, Sixth Street and Germantown Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.
For Sale by S. H. Miller & Son, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Nov. 27, '68-2m.

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY
has just returned from Philadelphia, and has bought, and is now offering the best assortment of
FANCY GOODS,
TRIMMINGS,
BONNETS &c. &c.,
ever exhibited in Bloomsburg, and is prepared to make up dresses and all other articles of female wardrobe, at short notice, and in the best and
LATEST SPRING STYLES.
Rooms in the Ramsey Buildings, on West Main Street. Call and see her varied stock of Spring Goods.
May 1,'68.

CHAS. G. BARKLEY,
Attorney at Law,
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., PA.
Office in the Exchange Building, second story, over Widmyer & Jacoby's Confectionery Second door above the Exchange Hotel
Bloomsburg, Jan. 1, 1869.

C. E. SAVAGE,
PRACTICAL WATCH MAKER & JEWELER.
Main Street, (near the Court House,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Constantly on hand a fine assortment of American and Swiss Watches, clocks, jewelry, silverware of the best description plated on white metal, consisting of butter dishes, goblets, knives, forks, spoons, napkin rings etc.
Particular attention paid to repairing watches and jewelry. This department is under the supervision, of A. E. savage a practical watchmaker and Jeweler of twelve years experience in a large Wholesale and Manufacturing house.
Masonic marks made to order. All goods and work warranted. [Jan. 1,'69.

ESTABLISHED 1790.
JORDAN & BROTHER,
Wholesale Grocers, and Dealers in
SALTPETER AND BRIMSTONE,
No 240 North Third St.
Philadelphia.

Choice Poetry.

A SHAKESPEARE SONNET.

SONNET, CXLV.

Those lips that Love's own hand did make,
Breath'd forth the sound that said *I hate*,
To me that languish'd for her sake;
But when she saw my woeful state,
Straight in her heart did mercy come,
Chiding that tongue, that ever sweet
Was us'd in giving gentle doom;
And taught it thus anew to greet;
I hate, she alter'd with an end,
That follow'd it as gentle day
Doth follow night, who, like a friend,
From heaven to hell is flown away;
I hate from hate away she threw,
And saved my life, by saying—*not you!*

HAUNTED HOUSES.

BY H. W. LONGFELLOW.

All houses where in men have lived and died
Are haunted houses. Through the open doors
The harmless phantoms on their errands glide,
With feet that make no sound upon the floors.

We meet them at the doorway, on the stair,
Along the passages they come and go!
Impalpable impressions on the air,
A sense of something moving to and fro.

There are more guests at the table than the hosts
Invited; the illuminated hall
Is thronged with quiet, inoffensive ghosts,
As silent as the pictures on the wall.

The stranger at the fireside can not see
The forms I see, nor hear the sounds I hear;
He but perceives what is; while unto me
All that has been is visible and clear.

We have no title deeds to house or lands;
Owners and occupants of earlier dates,
From graves forgotten stretch their dusty hands
And hold in mortmain still their old estates.

The spirit world around this world of sense
Floats like an atmosphere, and everywhere
Wafts through these earthly mists and vapors dense,
A vital breath of more ethereal air.

Our little lives are kept in equipoise
By opposite attractions and desires;
The struggle of the instinct that enjoys,
And the more noble instinct that inspires.

These perturbations, this perpetual jar
Of earthly wants and aspirations high,
Come from the influence of an unseen star,
An undiscovered planet in our sky.

And as the moon from some dark gate of cloud
Throws o'er the sea a floating bridge of light,
Across whose trembling planks our fancies crowd
Into the realm of mystery and night—

So from the world of spirits there descends
A bridge of light connecting it with this,
O'er whose unsteady floor, that sways and bends
Wander our thoughts above the dark abyss.

Miscellaneous.

HYMEN IN THE DARK.

MUCH has been written and said of Christmas—of its luxurious feasts, lavish gifts, and grotesque gambols, and many stories thereon founded; but the person who fails to detect in the following episode a "Christmas Story" rich in development, and one, too, that lays completely in shadow all holiday stories ever before recited, in his judgment of humor we haven't the least confidence. Startling though it may be, it certainly elucidates the fact that the lives of some people are fraught with rare occurrences. Long prefaces, however, are oftentime out of taste—then suffice it to say

"That though we have a somewhat funny scene,
We'll draw wide the curtain and leave no screen

On Christmas night, in the vicinity of a litt'e post village a few miles distant from Nashville a dance was given. It promised to be one of those genuine hilarious breakdowns of "ye olden times," in whose festivities, host, hostess and guests were to partake. Invitations had been issued to all the beaux and belles for miles and miles around, and the affair was to be the grandest of the holidays. Among the guests were a pair of newly-married couples, whose voyage matrimonial had just begun that morning, in a shower of kind wishes and congratulations. We are not too sure but that the ovation was inaugurated for their especial honor and benefit. Be that as it may, night came, moonless but clear. The mansion was illumined with a blaze of light, and jocund with the gayety of its inmates. Soon the musicians began their choicest quadrilles, and the halls and parlors were thronged with the graceful devotees of Terpsichore. The observed of all observers were the lately wedded couples. The bright lights looked down on the fairy-like brides and vainly vied in brilliancy with their sparkling eyes. The dashing grooms excited unlimited envy in the bosom of every swain present; but otherwise everything went as merry as a marriage bell.

At a seasonable hour supper was announced, and such a feast as it was! The wits of the confectioner had been tested in the arrangement and manufacture of the innumerable *bon bons* and indescribable delicacies. After indulgence in refreshments, the company again resumed their places in the dance and everything glided on as smoothly as ever.

Soon the two brides were called away by the hostess and ushered into the respective chambers assigned them. In due time the grooms followed, having, however, first received somewhat indistinct instructions from the young gentleman of the household as to which apartments they were to occupy, he being at the time engaged in the dance, and supposing that they were well acquainted with the locality of the rooms The lamps had been turned down and the wicks burned low. Without even daring to peep at the plump cherry faces half hid by the snowy pillows, the grooms sprang into bed, and—

At such a point in such a story, it is customary for a modest narrator to draw a vail; but in this instance we are necessarily compelled to draw two vails.

The remainder of the company continued the festivities until a late hour, and the gray dawn was almost peeping over the eastern hills ere the music of the fiddlers ceased, and the dancers, worn and fatigued, one by one stealthily crept away for a few hours.

When the morning did come it bro't with it such a scene of confusion as was never before seen, Don Quixote's furore at the inn alone excepted. From one of the bridal chambers came a loud and prolonged shriek. The drowsy slumberers turned out from all directions—some in dishabille, "some in velvet gowns." Every moment the screaming grew louder. At length some of the bolder ventured to go up and ascertain the cause. Up the steps they rush many wondering what in the mischief is the matter. From the scene of the disturbance they met one of the late happy bridegrooms rushing frantically out. They inquire the reason of the hubbub. Hastily he pushes through the crowd and bangs at the door of the other "party," in search of his wife! In the meanwhile they also have become aroused, and bride number two discovers the terrible *faux pas* and lends the force of her lungs to the general discord. Up jumps the groom number two and rushes out to meet his equally unfortunate friend. Each had got into the wrong room!

Such a scene as this house then presented it would be hard indeed to describe. That it was the most distressingly awkward matrimonial episode that ever befell a quartette of "souls with but a single thought," may easily be imagined. But the explanation came at last, and was satisfactory to all concerned, we suppose. Here we are content to leave them.

Our sketch partakes not in the least of the fanciful. The details are given exactly as they occurred.—*Nashville Banner.*

On Going to School.

SCHOOL has begun again. I go to school every day. They won't let you play there. The boys are not allowed to whisper. I don't whisper more than forty times a day. The teacher thinks I am a very good boy. I think so too. To be good is not to be found out. Peter Snuffer was a very good boy, because he could whisper without moving his mouth. I used to call him Muffins. He has left school and works in a butcher shop. He is going to take me to the slaughter house some day.

I learn a good many good things at school. Before I went to school I didn't know half as many tricks as I do now. I have learned to fight. Bill Stubbs said I was a gump. I said he was another. Bill gave me a hit. He called me a 'saw.' I gave him two. He tried to knock me down, and I did tumble. Just then a cop came along. If it had not been for that cop I'd licked Bill. The boys said Bill licked me, but it wasn't so. I slipped down on an orange peel. Besides that I didn't want to hurt Bill. I like to fight with boys I can lick. Boys that like me I don't get in a muss with. I ain't afraid of Bill Stubbs.

I learned some grammar at school, and goggerfee. But I learned to play boys ought to learn only what they have got a taste for. I've got a taste for chewing gum. I've learned a good deal of them.

Ma says we boys are worked too hard at school. She says her children shan't study when they have a headache. I often have a headache when the lessons are hard.

I am in class 9, section Q. In a few months I go to college. I want to go to college, because the boys there carry canes, and have fun and don't speak to little boys, I can go in torchlight processions.

I've been to a good many schools. Someway I change schools very often. The teachers think a change is good for me. Ma says the schools are very poor and boys don't learn much in them. I think so too. But I know a good deal after all. I won't to go in a store. Pa says I shall. Ma says I shan't. Ma calls me her precious darling, and I must have an education. I'd rather have a row boat. I am sure if I had a row boat and went out every day to the river, I wouldn't have headaches so much. I tell Ma that schools are very bad for the head. I want to ask Ma for an excuse. We have a long lesson in compound multiplication to-morrow and my head begins to feel quite bad. I am,

JOHN GEORGE WASHINGTON SHRIMP.

A FELLOW who came by the railroad, being a stranger, strolled about for some time on the outskirts of a town in search of a barber. He finally discovered one and requested the operator to take off a shilling's worth of hair. The barber trimmed his locks very neatly, soaped up the remainder very handsomely, and then combed and brushed him up till his head looked as if it belonged to some other person than himself. "Are you done?" asked the stranger, as the barber removed the napkin from his neck. "Yes, sir," said the barber, with a low bow. "Are you certain that you took off a shilling's worth?" "Yes, sir; there's a glass; you can look for yourself." "Well," said the stranger, "if you think you have taken a shilling's worth off, I don't know as I have got any change, so you may just take the hair for your trouble." On hearing this, the barber made a jump for the man, whereupon the man made a jump for the door, which not being bolted, he bolted himself.

CAPTURED BY A WOMAN.—The Warren *Mail* says that a singular incident, and one perhaps without a parallel in history occurred on the 23d inst. Mrs. Rachael D. Wright, of Pittsfield, while visiting her mother on York Hill at the aforementioned date, heard an unusual noise among the chickens, and stepping out to the door saw what she supposed to be a hawk holding a fierce conflict with a sturdy old hen. With scarcely a second thought she ran up and seized the bird by the neck and succeeded in capturing what proved to be a monster American Eagle, measuring six feet six inches from the tip of one wing to the tip of the other. It made no serious resistance, submitting with good grace, as many a strong warrior has done before, to the will of a woman. She took her prize to her house in Pittsfield where it attracts large numbers of curious people, and though seemingly somewhat humiliated, takes a very reasonable view of his imprisonment and haughtily submits to the scrutiny of the public.

Luck.

BY HENRY WARD BEECHER.

THE word *luck* is too firmly bedded in our language, and belief in the fact expressed by it is too strong to justify an expectation that it will soon become obsolete. Luck is an event good or bad, which befalls a man independently of his own volition. If a man work all day for five dollars, his wages is not considered luck. But if he *finds* five dollars in the road, that is *luck*.

If a man aims at an accommodation train, but hits an express train, which has been delayed a little in luck. He has secured what he did not plan for. If the last boat of the season leaves Albany for New York a day sooner than the shipper had calculated, and he loses an opportunity of sending his freight, he exclaims "that is just my luck."

Of the fact itself there can be no doubt. Many disappointments befall men which seem to have no relation to their own agency. Many places of good fortune occur which the recipient did not plan, or look for.

But the cause of luck, thus defined, is another thing. If we could look into men's minds and render clear those obscure and nebulous thoughts that hover there, it would be found probably, that very different notions are entertained about it. Some believe that there are spirits, or sprites, whose power intercalates these events upon the calendar of Nature. Others seem to believe that in the vast realm of Nature events are floating about like motes in sunbeams, and that men accidentally stumble upon them. Some people believe it to be a crook in the grain of things, some men being born and destined to fulfil some mischievous decrees. "Do what they will, they can never escape ill-luck." Were some men's notions analyzed, I should not wonder if it were found they still believe Luck to be a personal being, as Puck, or Ariel who spent their time in playing tricks upon men, good or bad, according to their peculiar fancy.

But dismissing all these notions, there are several pieces of general good or ill luck, which have much to do with the special luck, that befalls men. I count it a piece of prime and admirable luck to be born of parents who had sound physical constitutions, ample brains, well proportioned and balanced, living in moderately prosperous circumstances. Next to this is to be brought up in simplicity, among people kind and just, and under circumstances which require one to exert himself actively, so that he shall never expect to have anything which he does not himself earn. Lastly, to be a person-neither a parasitical plant-haute too proud to do evil and not proud enough to take offense at the common experience of life: as consistent with enterprise, and above all, with unwasting good nature.

This last quality-good nature-is perhaps the most desirable of all, in so far as happiness is concerned. Every one knows that it is sugar in fruit that gives it its palatableness, and that converts its juices into wine. Good nature is to human dispositions what sugar is to grapes.

A robust and cheerful nature hardly knows the difference between good and bad luck. Some things, which extort piteous complaints of bad luck from his neighbors, befall him without exciting more than a moment's attention—just as a healthy man does not feel a chilly gust which sets an invalid into shivers.

Ill luck in petty affairs is only another name for want of foresight, unskillfulness, poor judgment, clumsy-handedness, lack of spring and enterprise. Few men are willing to say that their own blunders, negative or positive, return upon their own heads. Luck to them is a fortunate work. Luck is a word that hides a man's inefficiency from himself, and saves his pride.

Every one of us has lucky and unlucky days. Too much excitement, late hours, late eating, poor sleep, and too little of it, bring on mornings full of depression—blue days in which everybody and everything seem wrong. Everything our hand touches fails. This is a simple case in which respectable dissipation has put the whole instrument by which man works, his brain and nervous system, out of adjustment. His mistakes are no more surprising than would be a mechanic's who worked by a false rule, or a chemist's who measured by incorrect standards.

By and by, rest, diet, and good habits restore the equilibrium, and then comes a sparkling day of good luck. Half the labor produces twice the ordinary results. We meet the very person we desire most to see. Everything goes on rightly. The world is propitious.

In olden times, when necromancers would fill the air with spirits, they had potent spells, cabalistic formula, and various charms by which to evoke and control evil spirits. There is a much shorter and surer way than all that to fill heaven and earth with demons. Put your liver out of order. That is a spell that never fails. Dyspepsia will raise more devils in one day than ever Merlin could in a year.

A good man, in good health, engaged in business for which he is fitted, and contented, will always be in luck.

Poor luck goes with slender judgment, with indolence, with supersensitive pride, with indigestion, with torpid livers, with heedlessness and stupidity.

As all of us have flecks and tints of all these elements, at times, so we all of us have our share of bad luck. The height of ill luck is to be born badly, to live badly, and to die badly.

Let every man blame himself for all his bad luck, and he will find a cure for more than half of it. The rest is imaginary.

A YOUNG man who recently fell in love with a very beautiful young lady, says, that when he ascertained last evening that she reciprocated his passion, he felt as though he was sitting on the roof of a meeting house and every shingle was a Jews harp.

The last Rebel Outrage—A Radical "Sell."

The richest thing out in the shape of a "sell" that has been heard of since "all fools' day" has lately been perpetrated on the Radicals. In the local columns of Fake's Bulletin, published in Galveston, Texas, the following item appeared a few days since:

"A cargo of Coolies recently arrived in this city, consigned to merchants by ordinary bills of lading as merchandise, and are announced to be sold at auction to pay freight and charges. Two-thirds of the cargo are females."

The Philadelphia *North American*, Forney's *Press*, and other truly loyal journals were straightway thrown into a spasm of excitement. They painted glowing pictures of the horrors of this sale. The females were represented to be beautiful, and the terrible fate in store for them was dwelt upon in terms calculated to excite the dullest imagination. Congressional intervention was loudly demanded, and the President was reminded that the "fourteenth amendment" provided for these "helpless creatures." He was called upon to visit the vengeance of the offended majesty of the violated law upon the Texan barbarians. The remarks of the *North American* were in the following fervent strain:

"This is chattel slavery. These Chinese were put upon an ordinary bill of lading like so many chests of tea, and freight was charged upon them as upon all kinds of goods. The worst feature in the affair is that two-thirds of these unhappy Chinese are females, some of them beautiful. Of course they are bought in China on speculation and sent to Texas to seek a market, just as the same kind of live stock of a different race used to be sent to New Orleans. This development is nothing new in regard to the Chinese coolie trade, except in so far as the importation of women goes. That is a novelty.

"We trust that our brethren of the press will have no hesitaion in denouncing the movement in the terms it deserves, and in demanding redress from the national authorities, since it is only by constant vigilance that we can counternet the efforts of these southern communities to sneak back again into slavery by some under hand way."

Having enjoyed the effect of his joke, the local editor of the Bulletin announced that the Coolies in question were "cast-iron figures, designed as signs for cigar, tobacco, tea, and grocery stores." We believe not one of the Radical journals which went into spasms over the supposed outrage has yet informed its readers how it came to be sold so badly, to pass a law at the present session to protect Radical newspapers from being gulled by rebel reporters.

An Awkward Mistake.

AN office seeker, travelling in Texas, on an electioneering trip, tells a bit of his experience as follows:

"Well I put

The Columbian
—AND—
Bloomsburg Democrat.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY MORNING, JAN. 22, 1869

☞ THE COLUMBIAN has the Largest Circulation of any paper published in Northern Pennsylvania, and is also a much larger sheet than any of its cotemporaries; and is therefore the best medium for advertising in this section of the State.

Democratic Caucus for U. S. Senator.

THIS body met on Tuesday morning, and resulted in the nomination of Wm. A. Wallace, of Clearfield county.

The result was accomplished by *hard boring* steadily applied from the commencement of the session. To our personal knowledge a large part of the members regretted that they had committed themselves to Wallace, and thought he ought not to be a candidate, but felt bound by their word.

The victory is a barren one to Wallace, as it confers no power, but it was an indignity to our present Senator, which was not deserved, and will not tend to harmony in the future.

We call particular attention to the votes of the Luzerne members.

VOTE OF SENATORS.

Wallace.	*Buckalew.*
Linderman,	Nagle,
Brown,	Jackson,
Davis,	Searight.
Randall,	
Burnett,	
Turner,	
Duncan,	
M'Intire.	

Wallace did not vote; McCandless was absent, and Beck and Miller dodged.

VOTE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Wallace.	*Buckalew.*
M'Ginnis,	Josephs,
Rogers,	Jones,
Dailey,	Davis,
Witham,	Scott,
Hottenstein,	Sedgwick,
Brobst,	Creitz
Beans,	M'Miller,
M'Kinstry,	Stout,
Porter,	Goundie,
Place,	Kase,
Meek,	Beard,
Brown,	Nelson,
M'Cullough,	Hersh,
Coraman,	Porter.
Playford,	
Fogel,	
Bossard,	
O'Neil,	
Westler,	
Eschbach,	
Shively,	
Nice,	
Breen.	

Absent sick, Dill; dodged, Mullin.

Wallace	31
Buckalew	17
Wallace's Majority	14

History of Pennsylvania Volunteers.

HON. SAMUEL P. BATES, State Historian, has put us under lasting obligations, by placing on our table the first volume of the "History of Pennsylvania Volunteers," a book of 1327 pages. It is intended to complete the work in five volumes before us is exceedingly interesting, especially to a participant in the late war. It gives an accurate list of all the officers and soldiers in the regiments spoken of, together with a statement of the time of muster-in and out, &c., and a succinct account of the operations of each regiment and battery Of course many will feel that the history of their organizations are not minute enough, or that their individual acts have been permitted to go unrecorded; but when the vastness of the enterprise, and the limited time and space at the command of Mr. Bates is considered, it will be seen that he has given each regiment and company all the space possible. Having over 200 regiments to incorporate in the work, besides the history of a large number of detached or independent commands, with the name, rank and other data of each soldier, the wonder is that he has given as much detail as there is.

As a matter of course Mr. Bates had to depend upon statements furnished him by the officers and soldiers for data in the compilation of his history.—Though liable to abuse, the source after all is the most trust-worthy. No person would wilfully misstate an occurrence to which as a rule there would be many witnesses, and if he did, testimony from other sources would probably correct the error. From the examination we have made we should say that the work is unusually accurate, and will be authority on all subjects on which it treats.

Its mechanical execution is not the best. Many of the pages are pale, while others have too much "color." In many places the "register" is poor, and numerous typographical errors occur.

Upon the whole, it is a work of exceeding importance,—in fact the most valuable published by the State for many years. It will become any library, and to the military student it is indispensable. We shall look with impatience for the succeeding volumes.

NEWSPAPER DIRECTORY!—We have been favored with an advance sheet of a new and useful work now being published by Messrs. G. P. Rowell & Co., the New York Advertising Agents, being a complete American Newspaper Directory. It is a compilation much needed, since nothing of the kind having any claims to completeness has ever been published.

Messrs. Rowell & Co have spared no pains or expense to make the forthcoming work complete. We understand the book will be a handsome octavo volume of about 300 pages, bound in dark cloth, and sold for five dollars per copy.

As the publishers are Advertising Agents their issuing a work containing so much information, usually jealously guarded by those in that business, shows that they are confident of their ability to be of service to advertisers, or they would not so readily place in their hands the means of enabling every one to communicate direct with publishers if they so desire.

MR. EZRA ISAAC, a converted Jew, was admitted to the Diaconate, Nov. 11, in Iowa. He is at present Professor of Hebrew and Sacred History, in Griswold College.

GENERAL ROUSSEAU died at New Orleans on Thursday night, after three days' illness, aged 51. John Minor Botts died on Thursday at Culpepper, Va., aged 67.

Auditor General's Report—1868.

THIS is one of the most important documents issued by the State authorities, and we are sure if the people would only examine its contents, they would become so disgusted with the party in power as to hurl them neck and heels from the places they now disgrace. We propose to give them in a few articles, some stubborn facts. The plundering, stealing and mal-administration are continually growing worse. For instance:

Expenses of Government,	1866	$368,909 63
" " "	1867	802,878 58
" " "	1868	845,539 89
An increase since the close of the war of		$176,630 26

and that too, in the teeth of a fact asserted by the late State Treasurer, in his report for the year ending the 30th of Nov. 1867, that "by proper attention the expenditures could be reduced $200,000 below what they were during 1867, and all *necessary* expenses be provided for."

Now a large amount of these aggregate "expenses of Government" are pure plunder. For instance, in the above sum is the item of postage. Look at the figures:

Postage Senate,	1866	$ 5,489 99
" "	1867	8,828 05
" "	1868	13,125 78

Making for the year 1868, a postal expenditure for each Senator of $307.75. Enough to pay the postage on 13,258 letters, and which, if all expended for letter postage or for radical electioneering documents at three cents apiece, would scatter over the State 437,514 of them.

Postage House,	1866	$14,212 21
" "	1867	16,463 46
" "	1868	19,350 04

Making for the year 1868, a Legislative expenditure, for the item of postage alone, of thirty-two thousand four hundred and seventy-five dollars and seventy-seven cents. No man believes that sum to have been honestly expended for that purpose.

FOR THE COLUMBIAN.

The Radicals Say, "Let us have Peace."

TRULY we all want peace. But we want something more than peace on their conditions; we require them to return to principles of economy and retrenchment in our national expenditures; to ease our Nation of its burden of debt and taxation which has been brought upon us. This is what they pledged themselves to do, yet in the face of all this the Sec'y of the Treasury asks Congress to appropriate $303,000,000 for the next fiscal year ending June the 30th 1870. As a poor working man I for one am not satisfied with such peace conditions in time of profound peace, with the exception of a few negro insurrections, and murders, and other outrages committed upon poor defenseless women and children, which is to be attributed to Radical misrule. Here is another proof of their misrule and extravagance.

It is our depreciated currency. In 1862 during the month of Dec., the darkest period of the war, when the civilized world expected the disruption of he Union, the price of Gold was 128¼ to 134; yet in the face of all this since that Congress, and Grant elected and the party triumphant, in 1868 in the month of Dec., Gold ranged from 134¾ to 136¾. *Let us have Peace.* Bah!

Does this look like returning to specie payment? Does it look like raising our depreciated currency to its par value with gold and silver? It looks as if we were overwhelmed in a slough of despondency, and beyond the reach of national redemption, with negro rule in the south, almost equaling the reign of terror in France, and squalid poverty and pauperism in the North. Charitable institutions founded in the year 1846 attest to these statements, as regards the condition of the people in New York, and this is attributable to Radical misrule. Look at happy Massachusetts with her great almshouses, one at Tewksbury with her 750 paupers crowded under one roof, "Why," said General Buttler in his speech on this subject, "this whole commonwealth felt outraged, because there came a report from Kansas that six or eight men had been killed, and they all wept over the imaginary wrongs of Kansas, and yet three hundred children have died like dogs in kennel in Massachusetts almshouses. England with her great Bastil could never present a worse picture."

Workingmen how got the election? "Let us have Peace."

A WORKING MAN.

SINGULAR CASE.—Carrie Feister, a little daughter of Reuben Feister, of this Borough, when but 7 months old, swallowed a diaper pin. No one was present when she swallowed it, but the fact that the pin was missing and the child was seized with choking spells and for twelve hours remained in a critical condition, left no doubt on the minds of the family as to what had become of the pin. She, however, partially recovered at the time, but from that time until the present her health has been delicate. At intervals she has been quite sick, coughing and throwing up considerable corruption. During the past summer it was thought that the child had gone into consumption, and was so ill that her recovery was regarded as next to impossible. She rallied again, however, and although far from well, was able to be about. On last Sunday week, Dec. 27th, she was seized with a violent fit of coughing which lasted for some time. Finally she suddenly put her fingers into her mouth and drew forth the missing pin. The pin is about two inches in length, with a head 5-16 of an inch long and ¼ of an inch in circumference. It is black with rust and when coughed up was covered with corruption. Carrie is now nearly 9 years old, so that this pin has been embedded in her lungs (as it is believed) about 8 years and 4 months, all this time abscesses forming and breaking, and rendering her life miserable. We are glad to add that since its removal her health has been materially improved. She is an interesting little girl, and it is to be hoped that after so much suffering she may soon be restored to health.—*Muncy Luminary.*

THE Bishop of London, Dr. Tait, has been nominated Archbishop of Canterbury. The Bishop of Lincoln is promoted to the great See of London; and Archdeacon Wordsworth succeeds Bishop Jackson in the See of Lincoln.

DR. LITTLEJOHN has accepted the Bishopric of Long Island.

Judge Elwell.

WE publish the annexed correspondence of the *Patriot & Union*. It is a deserved tribute to one of our purest Judges, and by a few weeks anticipates what we had intended to say on that subject.

LAPORTE, Dec. 21, '68.

EDITORS MORNING PATRIOT:—There is one department of our political system that, in all its parts, should be guarded with jealous care—I refer to the Judiciary. Let us have competent upright Judges, and we have a great safeguard against the machinations of bad men and the enforcement of evil legislation. The supreme Bench of Pennsylvania has been an honor to our State and people from its earliest organization. Tilghman and Gibson are quoted on both sides of the Atlantic, and have had, if not their equals, their approximates, at all times in the Supreme Court in banc. Its record abounds with profound and luminous opinions elucidating the great principles of liberty and law.

A Justice Reed, under the cracking whip of a Loyal League, may yield to superannuated weakness, and, forgetful of his high office, loan its very ermine to partisan uses. Mr. Justice Strong, oblivious of his obligations to the party whose principles and organization lifted him to judicial eminence, may, obedient to the behest of Yankeedom and Broad street, resign at a time when a demagogue Governor can make an obnoxious appointment, and postpone for a twelve month an expression of the will of the people, and yet we still have a hope—yea, a faith—that we can perpetuate the reputation of our Supreme Court for learning, patriotism and integrity.

When the next Democratic State Convention shall come together, let me suggest a name well worthy their most careful consideration, the Hon. Wm. Elwell, of Columbia county. He is marked at every stage of his manhood as the careful, studious, able, experienced and successful lawyer; and in every relation of life not only stands without reproach, but commands the profound respect of his cotemporaries. On the bench, which he so well adorns, his modesty, firmness, ready tact and acknowledged ability, place him with scarce a peer in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Brought up in the political school of Thomas Jefferson, Judge Elwell, in 1845, while chairman of the Judiciary Committee in the House of Representatives, established a lasting claim to the gratitude of his fellow citizens by reporting and carrying through the Legislature, the Bill abolishing imprisonment for debt, thus expunging from our statutes a feature of barbarism disgraceful to a Christain people and inconsistent with the spirit of our free institutions, and ever after releasing the poor and unfortunate from the loss of liberty as the penalty of their misfortunes.

Subsequently, whilst his infatuated neighbors in the 13th Congressional district were, with strange unanimity, yielding their long established political faith to the plausible herisies of a reckless demagogue, Judge Elwell, with the courage of strong conviction, and the dignity inspired by truth, firmly headed the diminished band of patriots who still adhered to the political faith of their fathers, and continued to defend the great constitutional principles upon which rested the integrity of the Union the liberties of the people, and the prosperity of the nation. Such is the man whom we commend to the warm support of every voter in this Commonwealth who may still desire purity in our courts as the only remaining bulwark against the growing corruption which now invades every department of our Government, and which, if not checked, must eventually convert the blessings of self-government into a curse intolerable to a people whose moral sentiments will drive them for refuge of despotism. SULLIVAN.

REPRESENTATION IN CONGRESS.—Mr. Buckalew introduced a bill to modify the system of representation of the people in Congress. It is as follows:

Be it enacted, &c., That in elections for the choice of Representatives to the Congress of the United States, whenever more than one representative is to be chosen from a State each elector of such State duly qualified, shall be entitled to a number of votes equal to the number of Representatives to be chosen from the State, and may give all such votes to one candidate, or may distribute them equally or unequally among the greater number of candidates, and the candidates highest in vote upon the return shall be declared elected.

On motion of Mr. Buckalew, the bill was referred to a select committee to be appointed by the President *pro tem*, who at Mr. Buckalew's request is one of the Committee.

The President announced as the select committee, Messrs. Buckalew, Anthony Ferry, Morton, Warner, Rice and Wade.

WE have upon our Book Table, the prospectus of a most valuable work, hitherto unpublished, to be entitled "The Spanish Conquest of New Mexico." It was written by the author, Col. W. W. H. Davis, during his residence in the country, and has received the warm approval of Mr. Bancroft, the Historian. It covers a period of one hundred and seventy-six years, and presents the most valuable information, which has never before been presented to the public. It is proposed to publish the work by subscription at the price of $3 00. Its author is well known as the editor of the *Doylestown Democrat*, which is a sufficient guarantee that it will be well written. Orders may be sent to Col. Davis, at Doylestown, Pa.

THE Clearfield County Democratic Convention has instructed for Wm. A. Wallace for Governor, and Judge Barrett for Judge of the Supreme Court. McCullough of that county desired the nomination for Speaker of the House, and Mr. Wallace has been Chairman of the Standing committee for several years, and has just received the nomination for U. S. Senator. If there is anything else wanting up in Clearfield, we hope to be informed in time.

NEW COUNTIES.—For the information of all concerned we publish Article XII, of the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania:

"No county shall be divided by a line cutting off over one-tenth of its population (either to form a new county or otherwise,) without the express assent of such county, by a vote of the electors; nor shall any new county be established containing less than four hundred square miles."

THE United American Mechanics' New Hall (in the Brower block) will be dedicated on Thursday, January the 28th next at 2 o'clock P. M. Rev. E. W. Kirby of Milton and other eminent speakers are expected to be present. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

MR. O'NEIL of Luzerne has had a bill passed through the House to sell the old jail, and to authorize the Commissioners to borrow money at seven per cent to complete the new one.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JACOB GOHO, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Jacob Goho of Mifflin township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county, to Samuel Creasy, of Mifflinville, and Stephen Goho, of Shenandoah Valley. All persons having claims or demands against the deceased are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment.

SAMUEL CREASY, Mifflinville,
STEPHEN GOHO, Shenadoah,
Jan 22, '69-6t* Administrators.

Bloomsburg Market Report.

Wheat per bushel	$1
Rye "	1
Corn "	1
Oats "	
Flour per barrel	12
Cloverseed	7
Flaxseed	2
Butter	
Eggs	
Tallow	
Potatoes	1
Dried Apples	2
Pork	
Hams	
Sides and Shoulders	
Lard per pound	
Hay per ton	16

LUMBER.

Hemlock Boards per thousand feet	25
Pine " " (one inch)	18
Joist, Scantling, Plank, (Hemlock)	16
Shingles, No. 1 per thousand	3
" " "	2
Siding " " ft.	18
Lime—	
Plaster	
No. 1 Scotch pig	
No. 2 "	
Bloom	

Light Street Markets.

Corrected weekly by Peter Ent, wholesale and retail dealer in grain, flour & feed and general merchandize.

Wheat per bushel	$2
Rye "	1
Corn "	1
Buck Wheat	1
Oats	
Wheat Flour per 100 lbs	6
Buck Wheat Flour	4
Corn Chop,	2
Bran,	
Butter per lb	
Eggs per doz.,	
Potatoes per bus	
Dried Apples "	2
Flax Seed "	2
Beef per 100 lbs	6
Pork " "	14
Lard " lb	

Philadelphia Markets.

FLOUR—	
Northwestern superfine at	$5.25@
Northwestern extra	5.50@
Northwestern family	7.00@
Pennsylvania and Western superfine	5.00@
Pennsylvania and Western extra	5.75@
Pennsylvania and Western family	6.50@7
Pennsylvania and Western fancy	11.00@1
Rye flour	
WHEAT—Pennsylvania red, ⅌ bus	$1.80@
Southern " "	$2.00@
California " "	
" white "	$3.15@
RYE—Pennsylvania, ⅌ bus	$1.60@
CORN—Yellow "	$1.20@
White, "	$1.17@
OATS—Bues	70@
PROVISIONS—Mess Pork, ⅌ bbl	
Mess Beef "	
Dressed Hogs, ⅌ lb	8½@
Smoked Hams "	13@
" Shoulders ⅌ lb	
Lard, ⅌ lb	17@1
SEEDS—Cloverseed ⅌ bus	$7.00@
Timothyseed ⅌ bus	
Flaxseed "	
CATTLE—Best Cattle ⅌ lb	9@1
Cows, ⅌ head	245
SHEEP—⅌ lb	
HOGS—⅌ 100 lbs	$11.00@

Marriages.

HARRIS—KESTER.—On the 10th inst. by Rev. A. H. Irvine, Mr. George Harris to Miss Sallie Kester, both of Salem twp, Lue. co.

POLLOCK—RIDALL.—On the 19th inst. at the house of Joseph Garrison in Bloomsburg by Rev. A. H. Irvine, Mr. Jacob S. Pollock to Miss Sarah Ridall, both of Salem twp, Lucon.

HARTMAN—HESS.—On the 14th inst. by Rev. E. Fullmer, Mr. Thos. B. Hartman to Miss Ginna Hess both of Benton, this county.

MOWRY—KIEFER.—On the 14th inst by the Rev. William J. Eyer, Mr. Jeremiah Mowry, of Main twp. to Miss Elizabeth Kiefer, of Catawissa twp.

DIENER—MILLER.—On the same day, by the same, Mr. Solomon Diener, of Main twp. to Miss Hannah Miller, of Locust twp.

NICHOLAS—JACOBY.—On Thursday, Dec. 31st 1868, by the Rev. D. C. Joan at the residence of Freas Brown, George Nicholas to Jane Jacoby, both of Bloomsburg.

OVERTON—ROSSEEL.—At Wyoxx Parsonage, on Jan. 6, by Rev. J. A. Rossel father of the bride, assisted by Rev. Wm. Harris, Edward Overton, jr., of Towanda, to Miss Colette Therese Rossel.

It is said that men impereeptibly take upon them selves the character of those with whom they are much in contact. Our friend Col. Overton is an example in point. As Register in Bankruptcy for this Congressional District he has been much associated with that unfortunate class of men known as bankrupts, and the manner has seized him, and as the surest, quickest method of accomplishing the result *he has got married*, and has made the party aforesaid his Assignee.

The Col. was a brave officer of the old 50th Reg't, and though rebel shot and shell failed to touch his heart, an arrow from Cupid's bow has transfixed it, and he has been led a captive to the hymeneal altar. Our sympathies are with him.

Deaths.

LUCE.—Nov. 21st, 1868, at her residence in Leonard Luce, in the 81st year of her age.

OBITUARY.—Though young and hopeful of life, death was no terror to her. Two years since she bowed to the authority of Jesus, and united with the Methodist Church, and continued an acceptable and faithful member of that church until her death. It is a great consolation to her relatives and friends in this painful separation to know that she lived a pious and devoted life as a christian, and that when the messenger of death called for her she was ready to go. She gave full satisfaction to all present at that solemn hour, of strong faith in the Lord, and entire resignation to his will. She showed the fullest confidence that He would conduct her safely through the Jordan of death. And in view of the happy and enchanting prospects beyond its turbid waters, she endured her sufferings with great patience. Her mind was calm and her hope strong; she departed this life in peace and in full assurance of a happy future beyond the grave. She made home happy and beautiful, and her name, as it trembles thro' the heart of her sorrowing family and friends, will call up memories of all that was best and brightest of earth to them. May God give her sorrowing children, brothers, sisters and mother grace to regain their loss. Weep not for she suffers not; no ills there, no sorrows nor crying; neither sickness nor death. Peaceful and sweet are the slumbers of the loved one.

EXHUBERANT HEALTH

Is a blessing vouchsafed to few. Even those who have been favored by nature with strong constitutions and vigorous frames are apt to neglect the precautions necessary to preserve these precious endowments. Indeed as a rule, the more healthy and robust a man is the more liberties he is inclined to take with his own physique. It is some consolation to the naturally weak and feeble to know that they can be so invigorated and built up proper use of the means which science has placed at their disposal, as to have a much better chance of long life and exemptions from disease and pain, than the most athletic of their fellows who are foolish enough to suppose themselves invulnerable, and act accordingly.

It is not too much to say that more than half the people of the civilized world need an occasional tonic, to enable them to support the strain upon their bodies and minds, which the fast life of this restless age occasions. In fact, a pure wholesome, unexciting tonic is the grand desideratum of the busy millions, and they have the article in HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. It is a stamina medicine, i. e., it imparts permanent strength to weak systems and invigorates delicate constitutions. Its reputation and its sales have steadily increased. Competitive preparations have been introduced ad libitum, and as far as the public is concerned ad nauseam, in the hope of rivaling it; but they have all either perish in the attempt, or been left far in the rear. It has been the great MEDICAL success of the present century and, it is quite certain that no proprietary medicine in this country is as widely known, or as generally used.

Ten lightning presses, running incessantly (Sundays excepted,) the whole year through barely supply the demand for the illustrated Almanac, in which the nature and uses of the preparation are set forth, the circulation now being over five millions a year.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE AND CAUTION.

Notice is hereby given that my wife Mary Ann has left my bed and board, in Roaringcreek Twp, without any cause or provocation. This is to caution all persons from harboring or trusting her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting. GEORGE CRAIG Jr.

Jan. 18, '69, 3t.*

COMMITTEE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Solomon D. Bogard Committee of Deborah Dean late of Catawissa, a Lunatic, has filed his accounts as said committee in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, which account will be presented to the Court for confirmation also, on Wednesday the 3rd day of February next, at two o'clock P. M.

JESSE COLEMAN,
Prothonotary.

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE FOR 1869.

The first edition of One Hundred Thousand of Vick's Illustrated Catalogue of Seeds and Guide to the Flower Garden is now published. It makes a work of 100 pages, beautifully illustrated, with about 1000 Fine Wood Engravings of Flowers and Vegetables and an

ELEGANT COLORED PLATE,
A BOUQUET OF FLOWERS.

It is the most beautiful, as well as the most instructive Flower Guide published, giving plain and thorough directions for the

CULTURE OF FLOWERS AND VEGETABLES.

The Floral Guide is published for the benefit of my customers, to whom it is sent free without application, but will be forwarded to all who apply by mail, for Ten Cents, which is not half the cost. Address

JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

SNYDER, HARRIS & BASSETT,

Manufacturers and Jobbers of

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

Nos. 35 Market, and 38 Commerce Street,

Philadelphia.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. William Elwell, President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Court of Common Pleas and Orphan's Court in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia, Sullivan and Wyoming, and the Hon. Ivan Derr and Peter K. Herbein, Associate Judges of Columbia county have issued their precept, bearing date the 12th day of Dec. in the year of our Lord, one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-eight, and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and Orphan's Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday, being the 1st day of February next to continue one week. AND WHEREAS ALSO the same Judges have issued their precept bearing date the twelfth day of December A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer, General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans Court and of Common Pleas in Bloomsburg in the county of Columbia on the Second Monday, being the eighth day of February next, and to continue one week.

Notice is hereby given, to the Coroner, to the Justices of the Peace, and the Constables of the said county of Columbia, that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said first day of, &c. with their records, inquisitions and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizance, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the jailof the said county of Columbia, to be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. Persons are requested to be present in their attendance, agreeably to their notices. Dated at Bloomsburg, the 12th day of Dec. in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, and in the ninety-second year of the Independence of the United States of America. MORDECAI MILLARD,
(L. S.) Sheriff.
Bloomsburg, Jan. 1, 1868.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—NOTICE IS hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents mentioned herein, that the following administration and guardian accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance in the Orphans' Court, to be held in Bloomsburg, on Monday, the first day of Feb. 1869, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

1. First and partial account of Rolandus Blank and Wm. M. Klinetob admr's. of Samuel Blank late of Centre twp., dec'd.

2. First and partial account of Wm. A. Case, Exr of the last will of Hester Grett late of Scott twp., dec'd.

3. Account of Michael F. Eyerly, adm'r. of Leonard S. Stineman last of Bloom twp., dec'd.

4. Account of Daniel Taylor, adm'r. of Elizabeth Baylor, late of Montour twp., dec'd.

5. Aaron Boone Guardian of Samuel W. Boone, minor child of Mary Boone dec'd.

6. Account of S. H. Miller, guardian of Elmira Wanich minor child of Samuel Wanich dec'd.

7. Account of S. H. Miller guardian of Loretta Harisel minor child of Jacob Hartzel Jr. dec'd.

8. Account of S. H. Miller guardian of Elizabeth Gross minor child of Zebulon Gross, dec'd.

9. Final account of Michael Brobst, ex'r., of the est. of Elizabeth Bensinger, late of Catawissa twp. dec'd.

10. Account of Martha Rupp adm'x. of George Rupp, late of Locust twp., dec'd.

JOHN G. FREEZE, Register.
Bloomsburg Jan. 1, 1869.

TRIAL LIST, FEB. T., 1869.

Peter Schng "use" vs William O Case et al
The West Branch Insurance Co vs Simon C Shive.
Edward McCall et al vs John Sweeney.
F H Person vs John Cain.
Thomas J Vandersliee vs Robert Howell.
Lavina Davenport vs Wm M Klinetob.
John Coleman vs Michael Cronan.
John Cooper vs Daniel Hower and Zimmerman.
John Gilroy vs William E Sterner.
The Township of Conyngham vs Peter L Kline et al.
Reuben H Reaser and wife vs Jas Thomas.
Isaac Fegely vs James W Sankey.
Abraham Young vs Jacob Woolliver.
Charles R Green vs Peter Schug.
Samuel Benner vs John Hinterleiter.
Lucas N Moyer vs George W Collimar.
David Lewis, guardian of the heirs of John Hess dec'd vs Collins Sutleff.
William Ikeler vs John Savage et al.
A B Erasmus vs Matthew Wynkoop, garnishee of Henry Giger.
Joseph Thomas vs John Roup.
Peter Appleman vs Silas F Karns.
Christiana Fox vs John Jones.
Henry J Yaple vs Isaac Drum, and terre tenants.
Same vs Same.
Rudolph Shuman vs George Breish.
Elias Snyder vs Adam Schuyler et al.
Frederick Michael vs Henry Fodder.
Charles Kreisher vs Henry Knapp.
John Applegate vs Thomas Polk.
Same vs Same.
George Kinly vs George Vansickle.
Simon C Shive vs Hannah E Armstrong.
William Nugen vs Daniel F Seybert.
Nathan Brothers vs Henry A Weidensaul.
Henry Gable vs Peter Hower and terre tenant.
Austin Church vs Andrew Clark.
Jesse D Rice vs Nathan Cromis.
Reuben H King vs Elisha B Pursel.
Robert Gorrell vs Bernard McBrearty.
Edward Furgesan vs Columbia County.
Samuel Shaefer vs Same.
George Richards vs Same.
Henry James vs Same.
George Nungesser vs Jacob Yohe jr.

JESSE COLEMAN, Proth'y.

Grand Jurors, Feb. Term, 1869.

Benton—Charles S. Dodson,
Briarcreek—George P. Learn,
Bloom—C. F. Knapp, Jacob Deiffenbach,
Fishingcreek—Abraham Kline,
Franklin—Washington Parr,
Hemlock—Robert Richard.
Jackson—Jackson Derr,
Locust—Rolandus Herbein,
Maine—Daniel Culp, Jacob Fenstermacher,
Mifflin—Thomas Aton,
Montour—John G Quick, Henry Buss,
Mt. Pleasant—Elias Howell, John Osburn.
Orange—Thomas McHenry, Peter Trump,
Pine—James Masters,
Scott—Reece Fairman,
Sugarloaf—Thomas Cole, Wheeler Shultz, Henry C. Hess, Richard Kile.

Petit Jurors—First Week.

Beaver—Joseph Shearman, Peter Knight,
Moses Schlicher, Elias Miller.
Briarcreek—Peter M. Traugh.
Bloom—Joseph W. Hendershott, Stephen H. Miller, Elijah Shutt.
Berwick Bor.—John M. Snyder.
Catawissa—Adam Federolf, Lewis Yetter,
Martin V. B. Kline, Jesse K. Sharpless,
Nicholas D. Harman, Solomon Helwig,
George Hughes, Lewis Metz.
Centre—Samuel Kelchner.
Conyngham—Benjamin Lindenmuth.
Centralia Bor.—Charles Strauser.
Fishingcreek—Joseph H. Hess, Peter Weaver, Richard Jones, Eli Robbins, Jack McHenry.
Greenwood—Isaac Heacock, John P. Kester, David Demott, John Leggott.
Hemlock—Samuel Ale, John Gruber.
Locust—William Lee, Leonard Adams.
Main—William C. Reighard, Jonas W. John.
Madison—Silas W. Welliver, John Allen, Jacob Kisner.
Mifflin—Thomas K. Hess,
Mt. Pleasant—Geo. Cavenee, William Kitchen,
Montour—Peter Evans, Noah Muoser, James T. Farnsworth, Wesley Fleming,
Scott—William H. Hagenbauch, Joseph B. Miller, Jacob Terwilliger, William C. Robison, William White.

SECOND WEEK.

Beaver—Peter Schlicher,
Benton—Fred'k Laubach, Wm. Holmes.
Briarcreek—Lamon Mariz.
Bloom—B. B. Freas, Philip Ort, William Coleman, William H. Jacoby, Samuel V. Boone, E. J. Thornton.
Berwick Bor—Jacob W. Deitterich, Jeremiah S. Sanders.
Catawissa—Elias Weaver.
Conyngham—William Goodman.
Centre—Samuel C. Bower, Paul Zaner.
Fishingcreek—John M. Buckalew, David Savage, Daniel Pealer.
Franklin—Joseph B. Knittle, Mathias Gingles.
Greenwood—Wm. Kreamer, Isaac Dewitt, William Robbins, William W. Parker, John K. Musgrove, Wesley Marr, Adam Utt.
Hemlock—Reuben Bomboy.
Locust—Jacob K. Harner, Isaac Fisher.
Main—William Mensinger, Michael Grover.
Mt. Pleasant—Isaac Appleman, William F. Kitchen, Daniel McCarty.
Mifflin—Stephen H. Swank, William W. Brown, Lewis Eckrote, William F. Keller.
Montour—Mathias M. Monroe, Lloyd Paxton.
Orange—Jeremiah Comstock, Moses Everett, James Eves, Elijah G. Ricketts, Samuel Henry.
Pine—Shadrack Eves,
Scott—William M. Ent,
Sugarloaf—David Lewis.

UNITED STATES MAILS.

PENNSYLVANIA.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
Washington, January 2, 1869.

Proposals for conveying the mails of the United States from July 1, 1869, to June 30, 1872, on the following routes in the State of Pennsylvania will be received at the Contract Office of this Department until 3 p. m. of March 31 next, to be decided by April 20 following:

1972 From Doylestown to Buckingham, 4 miles and back six times a week.
Leave Doylestown daily, except Sunday, on arrival of Philadelphia mail, at 5.30 p.m;
Arrive at Buckingham in one hour, or by 6.30 p m;
Leave Buckingham daily, except Sunday, at 11 a m;
Arrive at Doylestown by 12 m.

1948 From Lancaster to Nefiville, 4 miles and back, six times a week.
Leave Lancaster daily, except Sunday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Neffeville by 2 p m;
Leave Neffeville daily except Sunday, at 11 a m;
Arrive at Lancaster by 12 m.

22947 From Penn's Station, by Harrison City and Manor Dale, to Murrayasville, 10 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Penn's Station Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Murrayasville by 3.30 p m;
Leave Murrayasville Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Penn's Station by 9.30 a m.

1 915 From Parnassus, by New Texas, to Sardis, 11 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Parnassus Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 8.30 a m;
Arrive at Sardis by 11 a m;
Leave Sardis Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 1.30 p m;
Arrive at Parnassus by 4 p m.

2913 From Jersey Shore, by Pfeil's Mills, to Honeyville, 18 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Jersey Shore Thursday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Haneyville by 12 m;
Leave Haneyville Thursday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Jersey Shore by 6 p m.

2932 From Clearfield to Penfield, 15 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Clearfield Tuesday and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Penfield by 1 p m;
Leave Penfield Monday and Friday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Clearfield by 2 p m.

2933 From Guthrieville, by Lindsey's Store, (n. o.,) to Cox ville, 6 miles and back, three times a week.
Bidders to propose schedule giving not over two hours running time each way.

3534 From London Grove to Toughkenamon, 5 miles and back, six times a week.
Schedule to be arranged in close connection with mail trains and to the satisfaction of the postmaster at London Grove.

2935 From Bridgewater, by Oakford, Feasterville and Rockville, (n. o.,) to Heatherough, 12½ miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Bridgewater Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 2 p m;
Arrive at Richborough by 3 p m;
Leave Richborough Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Bridgewater by 10 a m.

2536 From New Hope, by Buckmansville, to Pineville, 6 miles and back, six times a week.
Leave New Hope daily, except Sunday at 8.30 a m;
Arrive at Pineville by 10 a m,
Leave Pineville daily, except Sunday, at 6.30 a m;
Arrive at New Hope by 8 a m.

2537 From Lancaster, by New Danville, Conestoga, Martic ville, Colemanville, Mount Nebo, Rawlinsville, Bethesda, and Liberty Square, to Chestnut Level, 30½ miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Lancaster Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday at 2.30 p m;
Arrive at Rawlinsville by 8 p m;
Leave Rawlinsville Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Lancaster by 11.30 a m;
Leave Rawlinsville Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Chesnut Level by 3 p m;
Leave Chesnut Level Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday at 4 p m;
Arrive at Rawlinsville by 6 p m.

2538 From Union Station, by Miller's Store, (n. o.,) Terre Hill, and High's Store, (n. o.,) to Churchtown, 14 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Union Station Wednesday and Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Churchtown by 5 p m;
Leave Churchtown Wednesday and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Union Station by 12 m.

2539 From Hinkletown, by Mahnstown (n

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, JAN. 29, 1869.

WE are under obligations to Senator Jackson and Representative Scott for valuable Legislative documents.

NOTWITHSTANDING the large number of houses erected in town the last year, dwellings are still in demand, and large rents are asked and received.

JOHN VANLIEW has our thanks for a missing number of the *Columbian*, John Walter of this place also has been kind enough to give us No. 35 of the *Bloomsburg Democrat*.

THE Baptists of this place have began a successful revival. There are also protracted meetings going on at the Methodist and Lutheran churches, from which much good may be expected.

GO and hear Cullis at the Court House Monday night. Come from the neighboring towns and villages with your lovers and sweet-hearts, by loads and sled-loads. Teachers, students, all are interested and can gather instruction.

WE are informed that the Revs'. A. H. Irvine and U. Swandle, are holding a very successful protracted meeting in Light Street. Some forty-five have professed conversion. As many as twenty-seven have presented themselves for prayer in one night.

A FOOLISH report obtained circulation in Schuylkill county to the effect that a man was shot in an attempt to break in or out of the Bloomsburg jail, lately. No such attempt was made, and no man was shot. Every thing is, and has been quiet. There is no feeling or excitement, and neither the public good nor the public peace will be sacrificed.

WE see by the Legislative Record that Senator Jackson has been placed on the important Committees of Finance and Federal Relations and made Chairman of the Committee to compare bills. Hon. Geo. Scott has been placed on the following Committees: Federal Relations, Military, and Municipal Corporations.

THE NEW COUNTY.—A number of citizens living in the upper part of our County, are circulating petitions favoring the erection of a new county out of the north-western part of Columbia. The County seat we presume would be at Benton or 'Zeke Cole's. How much strength there is in the movement we have not ascertained.

ENTERPRISING.—The organ of Radicalism in this county "could not find room" for Geary's Message, and its readers had to depend on the COLUMBIAN for it, which they borrowed from their Democratic neighbors. Was our neighbor ashamed of the Message, or did he fear his readers would not have the patience to read it.

DON'T fail to go and hear Prof. Cullis' famous lecture, "The Idol of Modern Times," at the Court House on next Monday evening. Doors open at the first ringing of the bell. Admission 25 cents: reserved seats 50 cents. All of our cotemporaries speak of the Lecture in the highest terms, and the lecturer enjoys a wide reputation.

WE would call special attention to the communication in another column signed "A Working Man." We give it without alteration or amendment. It is written by a laboring man—one who has always been a Republican, and who up to this time never voted the Democratic ticket. It is a strong appeal to his own class, and should be read by them, without regard to party.

THE important duties of the County Auditors have just been concluded, and in a few days their statement of the receipts and expenditures of the county, for 1868, will be laid before the Court, and ordered to be published. Our citizens can then examine the matter, item by item, and judge if the whole is correct and proper. We venture to say that not a dollar was misspent or misapplied. The Auditors and Commissioners are honest men and faithful officers.

AN IMPORTANT BUSINESS CHANGE.—M. P. Lutz, now doing business in Wilkes Barre has leased the Store room in the Exchange Hotel now occupied by Mr. A. J. Sloan, for five years from the first of next April. He will also purchase such goods as Mr. Sloan may have at that time.

We welcome Mr. Lutz into our midst. We know him to be an active, energetic young man, deserving the support of our citizens. He is well known to many of our citizens having been born and raised in this county,

AT the head of the local column of the *Republican*, we find the following: *"The Republican has the largest circulation of any paper published in Columbia county, and is consequently the very best advertising medium!"*

It is considered more disreputable to publish a falsehood than to communicate it orally, because publication is a deliberate act, and gives it a wider circulation. The above we pronounce to be untrue, and in token of our sincerity in claiming several hundred larger circulation, we propose to our cotemporary the publication of the actual number of subscribers by a Committee to be mutually appointed. Either come to time, or haul down your sign.

WE are anxious that the present course of lectures should prove a success; not because we are in part responsible for pecuniary loss that may ensue; but for the good name of our town. Numbering our population by thousands, aiming to be a leading town on all literary matters, having in our midst an unusually large number of ministers, teachers, and persons of literary taste, it is singular indeed if we cannot support annually, a course of lectures. The Committee,—self-appointed it is true, yet acting from the best of motives for the general good of the whole community—have placed the price of admission within the reach of all our citizens, and there is no excuse for any staying away. If the enterprise is not a losing one, it is the intention the following season to procure the highest class of talent in the nation. For this reason, more than any other, we urge our friends to patronize the present course.

THE KALEIDOSCOPE

—A map of busy life,
—Its fluctuations and its vast concerns.'

NO. XCII.

AFTER SQUIRRELS.

THERE are doubtless many inhabitants of the county of Columbia, more especially in Bloomsburg and the surrounding towns, who have never experienced the pleasure which its wooded hills afford, of squirrel shooting. Fortune having thrown an opportunity within my grasp, I seized it and found indeed that it was worth the grasping. The townships of Benton and Sugarloaf were the ones which offered themselves. It was in the most delicious of all seasons, the clear, cool, bright Autumn, with the leaves just beginning to put on their gorgeous coloring, decking themselves as it were for their death so soon to follow, when the keen breath of northern winds should rob them of their beauties and tear them dry and lifeless from the boughs. I had the good fortune to have several tramps through the woods after the nimble eaters of nuts, but the proceedings of one day will suffice. Fancy a clear star lit sky, a bracing air just cool enough to flush the cheeks and brighten the eye, and to act as a most admirable appetizer, as is apparent at the breakfast table, after our ablutions are performed. The horses having been fed, guns and ammunition looked up and everything prepared for a start, we go into the dining room for breakfast. We eat by candlelight, as it is but four o'clock and we intend to be many miles away before the "God of Day" makes his appearance over the hill tops. Ready at last, we rattle away over anything but smooth roads, our cigars leaving a thin blue line of smoke floating upon the perfectly still air. A drive of about eight miles brings us to our place of destination, and, the horses having been stabled and cared for, we make for tall timber. Slowly and cautiously we move along, after entering the woods, avoiding dry leaves and drier sticks, keeping a sharp look out to right and left, on ground and tree-top, for these bright eyed little forest rangers are as keen of sight as a hawk and as timorous as an antelope; a careless step—a cracking of dry twigs—and presto! they are gone. And where? Ah! that is indeed a difficult question to answer; perhaps on that bough of the neighboring oak-perhaps down the trunk to the ground—and perhaps that hole in the very top of yonder tall tree is the hiding-place. Waiting, watching, listening, we slowly move along; at last there is a sound; it is the short, sharp bark of the gray squirrel, called by the farmers in the neighborhood the "big squirrel," (a term by the way applied indifferently to either gray or black squirrel.) Now, indeed, the excitement increases; there is more need than ever of cautiousness. At length we reach the spot whence the noise proceeded; we search the tree-tops, and examine all the grayish looking knobs upon the boughs and yet no squirrel is visible. Still keeping perfectly quiet, we wait for a movement, and here it is at last. His squirrel-ship who had suspended his breakfasting for amoment, resumes operations; a movement of his body, a pause of a second or two, a sharp crack, and his last meal has been eaten; he comes tumbling from limb to limb and finally drops upon the mossy ground, dead—with a rifle ball through his head. Cruel perhaps it may seem as you lift the pretty little creature from the ground, his black eye not yet dimmed, but as you are not in the woods for moralizing—and *are* for squirrel shooting, you pocket this first one for the day and proceed. Many and vexatious are the impediments we meet during the day; now it is that a squirrel has chosen for himself a tree around whose trunk the young saplings and underbrush cluster so thickly as to render the top of the tree invisible, and after wearisome stretching of necks and straining of eyes, we give it up in despair; at another time, the squirrel, whose color is almost exactly that of the bark to which he clings, has so successfully hidden himself in the fork of a limb, that not even a hair of his long bushy tail can be discovered. They are cunning fellows these squirrels, but men are more cunning than they. After having satisfied ourselves that he is yet in the tree we commence a regular siege. The tree is jarred by heavy stones thrown against it, but with no effect. At last we espy a heavy rail, and this is brought into action as a battering ram. This proves too much for the squirrel's equanimity and he springs upward seeking a securer place of refuge. Foolish little fellow! had you but remained where you were, you might have bidden defiance, as it is, the movement has cost you your life. The unerring rifle has done its work and "Bunny's" pleasures and troubles are at an end.

To a person who has never enjoyed a day in the woods, spent in this manner, it would be difficult to explain what an immense amount of excitement there is in it. Perhaps the absolute quietness and caution which must be observed at first, followed by the rifle shot, the eager rush for the game, and the temporary release from silence, may, by very contrast, have something to do with this. To any lover of Nature such a day is a perfect treat in itself. There is no season when woodland scenery is so perfectly captivating as during the Autumn. The eyes never weary of watching the play of light and shadow on the hill sides, colored as they are with the brilliantly tinted foliage crimson, yellow, purple, red, brown and green and glittering in the early morn with liquid jewels of a thousand hues. The air, too, is of that perfectly clear character which belongs alone to this season. The hazy, smoky atmosphere of the Indian Summer has not yet commenced, and distant objects seem to be drawn closer, whilst those nearer at hand are seen with startling distinctness. I remember myself to have estimated the distance of a certain mountain at less than five miles—I afterwards found that it was somewhat over *thirty!* As a cure for dyspepsia, sleepless nights, indigestion and general laziness, I do not believe there is a medicine known to the Medical fraternity which will prove so perfect a cure, as a week or two spent in the pure air of the mountains, where the day begins with breakfast before sunrise and ends only with the failing light. Try it oh! disbelievers. It is not necessary to go out of Columbia county. There are as well wooded hills as lovely scenery and as hospitable inhabitants here as you will find anywhere. My own experience proves to me that I can never express my own thanks sufficiently for the courtesies I received.

Although not coming within the scope of this article I would mention another kind of sport (so called) in which I indulged, I will not say enjoyed myself, on several occasions, and which I regret to say, for the sake of those who are fond of it, if any there be, I did not thoroughly appreciate. At different times rumors had reached us at Benton, of the abundance of 'Coons to be had in various localities. We visited those localities with commendable regularity, but up to the present writing the 'Coons have not put in an appearance. The general summing up which I have made is, that it is excessively hard work for a remarkably small remuneration. To hunt 'Coons properly it is necessary that you should utterly forget all thoughts of yourself and of your comfort; you should be prepared to wade creeks of unknown depths, with slippery moss-covered stones at the bottom, where if you fell the chances were against your ever getting up again, to sound the depths of mud holes, to clamber over rocks, stumps, logs fences, and any and all impediments which may come in your way; to tempt Providence by crawling and scrambling up nearly perpendicular hill-sides, to run at full speed through woods with which you are not acequainted; to fall down and get up again in time to prevent the man behind you from trampling you down; to follow a lot of irresponsible dogs wherever they choose to bark (which they generally do as far away as possible) and, after all this, to return home 'Coonless, wet, muddy, with scratched face and hands, torn clothes, tired limbs and, if your experience is like mine, with most unmitigated disgust for 'Coon hunting, which is by the way an entirely different thing from 'Coon *catching*.

VIATOR.

ON Monday last, Mr. Scott, our Representative read in place a bill for the relief of T. D. Walker of Orangeville, on account of the removal of the Orphans' School. He claims $15,000 damages.

WE keep constantly on hand a first-class assortment of deeds, mortgages, leases, marriage certificates, notes of all kinds, summons, subpœnas, warrants, etc., etc. 4t.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Glassware and House furnishing goods generally, has just been received by WOLF & BARTON, at their new store on Main Street, below Iron St. Every thing fresh and new and of the best description. The very latest patterns of dress goods. Call at once

LAST year the pasting and folding of documents at Harrisburg, for ninety days cost $37,000. This year a responsible firm offered to do it for $7,000 and the proposition only received two Radical votes in the Senate. Reason—the Radical ex-members are seeking and receiving positions as *pale ale'ngers!* Think of it tax-payers!

THE Commonwealth vs George S. Twitchell, Jr. John Campbell, 740 Sansom St., Philadelphia, has in press and nearly ready for publication, the full report of this exciting murder trial. No pains have been spared to make it in every respect complete, and full as the trial was of most interesting points it will be a most valuable book of reference. The work will be handsomely bound and contain 600 pages. Price $6.00.

FOR perfect ease and comfort commend us to well fitting clothes. There is no such thing as enjoying life with one's garments either too tight for easy breathing or so loose as to appear as if they had been put on with a pitch fork. Clothes of either kind wear badly, and look worse. Chemberlin has, however, obviated the necessity for such dressing. His suits are admirable; easy, well fitting, elegant. He is well deserving of the support of the public, and we trust his already large custom may be still more increased.

ON the night of September 28th 1867, there were stolen from the fire-proof safe, in the Commissioner's office, Bloomsburg, $535.00 in Greenbacks, United States Bonds, and Currency.—Immediately upon the theft being discovered, information thereof was given to Senator Buckalew, Mr. Neal, Mr. J. P. Tustin, Cashier of the Bank, Mr. C. H. Paxton, Mr. John K. Grotz and other gentlemen; and upon full consideration it was determined to keep the whole matter quiet, for reasons then and now entirely satisfactory.

The County Treasurer, the Commissioners, and the County Auditors were in due time notified of the facts. It was well known to all the above officials, that originally there were duplicate keys to the office door, and to the safe door, and that but one key to each of the doors was delivered to Mr. Knickbaum, when he was put in charge of the office; and they fully concurred in the conclusions arrived at as above stated. These reasons are still in full force, and except the bare facts, which were then known to many people, it is not yet deemed prudent to state what was and what is still being done to detect the thief.

PROF. ADAMS' READINGS.—In accordance with the published programme, Prof. Adams, on last Friday night, at the Court House, gave a selection of readings from the poets. His first selection was two scenes from the "Merchant of Venice," which was exceedingly well read and the various characters truthfully personated.

The next selection was of a humorous cast.—"Darius Green and his Flying Machine," by J. T. Trowbridge, of Boston. This piece alone was worth the price of admission. The next piece was "The Vagabonds," by the same author and was full of feeling and pathos.

Act V., Scene I.—"The grave diggers"—probably Shakspeare's masterpiece, was then read, and those who never had seen Booth act it, found unknown beauties in the tragedy. This was followed by "Parrhasius and the Captive;" "The Letter,"—a delineation of Irish character,—and "The Ghost," which, however solemn in sound, proved to be a piece of much humor. The audience though not large, was select and appreciative, and went to their homes fully satisfied that they had got the worth of their money.

LECAL NOTICES.

WIDOWS' APPRAISEMENTS.

The following appraisements of real and personal property set apart to widows of decedents, have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, under the Rules of Court, and will be presented for absolute confirmation, to the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, in and for said county, on MONDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF FEB. 1869, at two o'clock P. M., of said day, unless exceptions to such confirmations are previously filed, of which all persons interested in said estates will take notice:

1. Widow of H. W. Creasy, late of Scott twp., deceased.
2. Widow of Daniel Yetter, late of Maine twp., deceased.
3. Widow of John Hess, late of Fishingcreek twp., deceased.

JOHN G. FREEZE, Register.

Bloomsburg, Jan. 1, 1869.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF CALVIN B. REIFSNYDER DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Calvin B. Reifsnyder, late of Catawissa, Columbia Co. deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to George Scott, of Catawissa. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment. GEORGE SCOTT,

Jan. 15,'69-6t. Administrator.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.—In the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, in the matter of Geo Fenstemaker, bankrupt. To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Geo. Fenstermacher, of Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

J. B. ROBISON, Assignee.

Jan. 8,'69-3t.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.—In the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, in the matter of Ephraim E. Trowbridge, a bankrupt. To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Ephraim E. Trowbridge, of Briarcreek twp., in the county of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District. Dated at Bloomsburg, the 8th day of Jan., 1869.

Jan. 8,'69-3t. C. G. BARKLEY, Assignee.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF WM. WARDIN DEC'D.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Wm. Wardin, late of Centre township, Columbia county have been granted by the Register of Columbia County to James Wardin of Wadesville Carbon county Pa. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them to Edward M. Wardin, of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pa. Those indebted to the estate either on note, judgment, mortgage or book account will make payment to the Executor without delay.

JAMES WARDIN, Executor.

Jan. 8,'69.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice: that on the 4th day of Jan. A. D. 1869, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Leonard R. Rupert of Bloomsburg in the county of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Exchange Hotel in Bloomsburg, in Columbia county, Pennsylvania, before Edward Overton, jr., Register, on the 25th day of Feb. A.D., 1869 at 12 o'clock, m.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal.

By E. B. COOLBAUGH, Deputy.

Jan. 15,'69-3t.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice: that on the 4th day of Jan. A. D. 1869, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of John Ikeler, debtor of Scott Twp. in the county of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Exchange Hotel in Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, before Edward Overton, jr., Register, on the 25th day of Feb. A. D., 1869, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal.

By E. B. COOLBAUGH, Deputy.

Jan. 15,'69-3t.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice: that on the 4th day of Jan. A. D. 1869, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Hiram H. Brown of Scott Township in the County of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him or for his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Exchange Hotel, in Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, before Edward Overton, jr., Register, on the 25th day of Feb. A. D. 1869, at 9 o'clock a. m.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal.

Jan. 15,'69-3t. By E. B. COOLBAUGH, Deputy.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale or outcry, at the Court House in Bloomsburg, on Monday, February 1st, 1869, at 10 o'clock a. m.

All that certain lot of ground situate in Centerville in the Township of Centre county of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded by lot of Abraham Detterich, William Kane and a public avenue, one-third of an acre more or less. On which is erected a two story House with the appertenances.

Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Henry Lohman.

Jan. 15,'69 MORDECAI MILLARD, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE

OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of a writ of Vend. Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale or out-cry, at the Court House in Bloomsburg on Monday February, 1st, 1869.

The following described lot of ground situate in the Borough of Centralia, to wit: Bounded on the South by Railroad Avenue, on the East by lot of Mrs. Donnelly, on the North by an alley, on the West by ——Street, containing twenty-five feet front by one hundred and forty-five feet deep, on which is erected a two-storied Frame Dwelling House and appurtenances.

Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Patrick Forsey.

MORDECAI MILLARD, Sheriff.

Jan. 15, 1869.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of a certain writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed will be exposed to sale by public vendue or outcry at the Court House in Bloomsburg, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, on Monday, the 8, 1869, the following mentioned and described real estate situate in the said county.

No. 1. The undivided thirtieth part of a certain piece of land situate in Montour township, containing eighteen acres more or less, adjoining lands of James Barton, the Fishingcreek, whereon is erected a frame flooring mill, a frame dwelling house and a frame stable with the appurtenances.

No. 2. The undivided thirtieth part of a certain piece of land situate in Bloom township, containing ten acres more or less adjoining lands of Caleb Barton, James Barton, McKelvy, Neal and others whereon is erected a frame house and stable with the appurtenances.

No. 3. The undivided thirtieth part of a certain piece of land situate in Bloom township adjoining lands of McKelvy & Neal, D. J. Waller, and the North Branch Canal, whereon is erected a frame store house with the appurtenances.

No. 4. The undivided thirtieth part of a certain piece of land situate in Bloom township, containing ten acres more or less, adjoining lands of Daniel Gager, Wm. Trowbridge, John and myself. Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Jacob Barton, James Barton, McKelvy, Neal and Gager.

Dec. 25, 1868.

ALSO

At the Court House in Bloomsburg on Saturday Jan. 23d, day of January next at one o'clock P. M. the Defendant's interest in a lot situate on the west side of West street adjoining lot of T. J. Thornton on the north, an alley on the west, and Randolph Hayman on the south, being 40 feet front, and about 280 feet deep, whereon is erected a brick house.

Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Leonard B. Rupert.

MORDECAI MILLARD, Sheriff.

Jan. 1,'69.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Vend. Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale or out-cry, at the Court House in Bloomsburg on Monday February, 1st, 1869.

The following described lot of ground situate in the Borough of Centralia, to wit: Bounded on the South by Railroad Avenue, on the East by lot of Mrs. Donnelly, on the North by an alley, on the West by——Street, containing twenty-five feet front by one hundred and forty-five feet deep, on which is erected a two-storied Frame Dwelling House and appurtenances.

Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Patrick Forsey.

MORDECAI MILLARD, Sheriff.

Jan. 15, 1869.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Vend. Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed, will be exposed to sale by public vendue or outcry at the Court House in Bloomsburg, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, on Monday, February 1st, 1869, the following mentioned and described real estate situate in the said county.

No. 1. The undivided thirtieth part of a certain piece of land situate in Montour township, containing eighteen acres more or less, adjoining lands of James Barton, the Fishingcreek, whereon is erected a frame flooring mill, a frame dwelling house and a frame stable with the appurtenances.

No. 2. The undivided thirtieth part of a certain piece of land situate in Bloom township, containing ten acres more or less adjoining lands of Caleb Barton, James Barton, McKelvy, Neal and others whereon is erected a frame house and stable with the appurtenances.

No. 3. The undivided thirtieth part of a certain piece of land situate in Bloom township adjoining lands of McKelvy & Neal, D. J. Waller, and the North Branch Canal, whereon is erected a frame store house with the appurtenances.

No. 4. The undivided thirtieth part of a certain piece of land situate in Bloom township, containing ten acres more or less, adjoining lands of Daniel Gager, Wm. Trowbridge, John and myself. Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of James Barton, McKelvy, Neal and Gager.

Dec. 25, 1868.

ALSO

At the Court House in Bloomsburg on Saturday Jan. 23d, day of January next at one o'clock P. M. the Defendant's interest in a lot situate on the west side of West street adjoining lot of T. J. Thornton on the north, an alley on the west, and Randolph Hayman on the south, being 40 feet front, and about 280 feet deep, whereon is erected a brick house.

Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Leonard B. Rupert.

MORDECAI MILLARD, Sheriff.

Jan. 1,'69.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Vend. Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale or out-cry, at the Court House in Bloomsburg on Monday February, 1st, 1869, the following real estate to wit: a certain lot of ground situate in the Borough of Centralia Columbia county bounded and described as follows; on the west by Locust Avenue, on the north by lot now occupied by Miles Gallaher, on the east by a twenty foot alley, on the south by lot of Jos. H. Kaitlie, on which is erected a two story frame Dwelling House, stable and wagon shed, with the appurtenances. Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of [illegible]

MORDECAI MILLARD, Sheriff.

Jan. 1, '69.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice: That on the 4th day of Feb. A. D. 1869, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of John Ikeler, debtor of Scott Twp. in the county of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Exchange Hotel in Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, before Edward Overton, jr., Register, on the 25th day of Feb. A. D., 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M.,

THOMAS A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal.

By E. B. COOLBAUGH, Deputy.

Jan. 15,'69-3t.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice: that on the 4th day of Jan. A. D. 1869, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Hiram H. Brown of Scott Township in the County of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him or for his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Exchange Hotel, in Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, before Edward Overton, jr., Register, on the 25th day of Feb. A. D. 1869, at 9 o'clock a. m.

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MORDECAI MILLARD, Sheriff.

Jan. 15, 1869.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

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Dec. 25, 1868.

ALSO

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MORDECAI MILLARD, Sheriff.

Jan. 1,'69.

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MORDECAI MILLARD, Sheriff.

Jan. 1, '69.

MERCHANDISE.

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.

Fresh arrival of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

DAVID LOWENBERG

Invites attention to his stock of

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING

at his store on

Main Street, two doors above the American House

Bloomsburg Pa.,

where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of

MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

including the most fashionable, durable, and handsome

DRESS GOODS,

consisting of

BOX, SACK, ROCC, GUM, AND OIL-CLOTH COATS AND PANTS,

of all sorts, sizes and colors. He has also replenished his already large stock of

FALL AND WINTER SHAWLS,

STRIPED, FIGURED, AND PLAIN VESTS,

SHIRTS, CRAVATS, STOCKS, COLLARS,

HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES,

SUSPENDERS, AND FANCY ARTICLES

He can constantly on hand a large and well-selected assortment of

CLOTHS AND VESTINGS,

which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear, and most of it is of home manufacture.

GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

of every description, fine and cheap. His ease of jewelry is not surpassed in this place. Call and examine his general assortment of

CLOTHING, WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

DAVID LOWENBURG.

MERCHANDISE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To my friends and the public generally, that will kinds of

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
NOTIONS, &C.,

are constantly on hand and for sale

AT BARTON'S OLD STAND,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JAMES K. EYER.

Agent for Ellis' Phosphate of Lime. Large lot constantly on hand. [feb8-6m.

CLOTHES BY MACHINERY.

The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the public, to his new and approved method of making clothes by a system based upon mathematical principles, which renders it impossible to be otherwise than perfectly accurate. He claims for this method the following advantages.

FIRST.

Perfect accuracy.

SECOND.

A saving of two thirds of the time usually taken to cut out the cloth.

THIRD.

Ability to measure any figure so as to insure a good fit.

FOURTH.

That it does away with the necessity of being measured more than once, as often is the case from the misapprehension or mistake of a measurer.

He would urge the public to give it a trial, as he is satisfied that it will give perfect satisfaction. He still be happy to exhibit and explain the working at any time to visitors.

March 20 1868 J. W. CHEMBERLIN
Main St., below Market.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Vend. Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed will be exposed to public sale or out-cry, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on Monday, February 1st, 1869, the following real estate to wit: a lot of ground situate in the Borough of Centralia, Columbia county, bounded and described as follows, to wit: on the west by Locust Avenue, on the north by lot now occupied by Miles Gallaher, on the east by a twenty five feet front, and one hundred and forty feet deep, bounded on the east by land of Anthony Durkin, on the south by Railroad street, on the west by lot of Patrick Fogarty, on the north by an alley, on which is erected a two story frame dwelling house with the appurtenances. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Ann Casey Donnelly and Patrick Donnelly.

ALSO:

At the same time and place a lot of ground situate in the Borough of Centralia, bounded and described as follows: on the east by Paxton Street, on the south by lot of Daniel Beaver, on the west by an alley, on the north by James Jennings, on which is erected a frame dwelling house with the appurtenances. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of James McKelvy.

MORDECAI MILLARD, Sheriff.

Jan. 8,'69.

APPLICANTS FOR LICENSES.

FEBRUARY TERM, 1869.

Notice is hereby given that the following named persons have made application to the Prothonotary of Columbia County, for Tavern and other licenses, to be granted to the ensuing February Term of Court:

Catawissa,	Gilbert & Kline,	Liquor Store.	
Greenwood,	Bogart & Kramer,	"	
"	Humphrey Parker	Tavern.	
"	John Legget	"	
Conyngham,	Thomas Monroe,	Eating House.	
"	Mary M'Manhon	"	
Bor. Berwick,	Richard Berger	"	
"	Henry M. Buckman.	"	
"	Case, D. Fowler	Tavern.	
Bloom,	George H. Brown,	Ellwood.	
Benton,	Peter Appleman,	Tavern.	
Mt. Pleasant,	Daniel W. Schram,	"	
Main,	J. E. Longenberger	"	
Briar Creek,	Gideon G. Rosier,	"	
Centralia,	William Ikler,	"	
Scott,	Mary E. Gravely,	"	

JESSE COLEMAN, Prothonotary

Bloomsburg, Jan. 15, 1869.

WYOMING VALLEY CANAL COMPANY.

A meeting of the Stockholders of the Wyoming Valley Canal Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 324 Walnut Street Philadelphia, on Tuesday the 26th day of January 1869, at the hour of 12 o'clock, m., when the joint agreement lately entered into by the Board of Managers of the Wyoming Valley Canal Company, and the Board of Directors of the Pennsylvania Canal Company, for the consolidation of the said Companies and merger of the Wyoming Valley Canal Company into the Pennsylvania Canal Company will be submitted to the Stockholders, and a vote by ballot, in person or by proxy, taken for the adoption or rejection of the same.

This notice is given in accordance with the provisions of an Act of Assembly approved April 2nd 1868. ANDREW C. DULLES,

Jan. 15,'869-2t Secretary.

NOTICE.

THE public are hereby notified that on the 8th day of January last, I purchased at Constable's Sale, the following property, to wit: the goods and chattles of George and John Shellhamer, viz:

One Wagon

TWENTY ACRES OF GRAIN

in the ground, one cast beam plow, one Bay Mare and one Gray Horse, all of the same levied on at Constable's Sale, one Black Horse, and one Bay Horse, sold as the property of John Shellhamer. The public are hereby notified that I have loaned said personal property to George and John Shellhamer, and are requested not to purchase or molest the same.

WM. SHAFFER.

Centre twp. Jan. 8, '69. 3t.*

FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers for sale the House and Lot now occupied by him in the town of Berwick, Columbia county. This new property is known as the Tavern and is admirably adapted for that purpose

For the Young Folks.

The Good Woman.

(*Continued.*)

"WHY," said he to himself, "could Mirtis not restore my spirits, with all her kindness, while Lirette has done it with a single little word? Two is one too many—Lirette is enough for me." On the other hand, Mirtis saw plainly that her brother made a difference between her and Lirette. "We are not enough here, being three," said she. "I ought to have another, brother, who would love me as much as Finfin does my sister."

Lirette was now twelve years old, Mirtis thirteen, and Finfin fifteen, when one evening, after supper, they were all seated in front of the cottage with the Good Woman, who instructed them in a hunred agreeable things. The youthful Finfin, seeing Lirette playing with the jewel on her neck, asked his dear mamma what it was for? She replied that she had found one on each of them when they fell into her hands. Lirette then said, "If mine would but do as I tell it, I should be glad. "And what would you have it do?" asked Finfin. "You will see," said she; and then taking the end of the ribbon, "Little cherry," she continued, "I should like to have a beautiful house of roses."

At the same moment they heard a slight noise behind them. Mirtis turned around first, and uttered a loud cry; she had cause; for instead of the cottage of the Good Woman, there appeared one of the most charming that could possibly be seen. It was not lofty, but the roof was formed of roses that would bloom in winter as well as in summer. They entered it, and found the most agreeable apartments, furnished magnificently. In the midst of each room was a rose-tree in full flower, in a precious vase; and in the first which they entered, they found the partridge Finfin had lost, which flew on to his shoulder and gave him a hundred caresses.

"Is it only to wish?" said Mirtis; and taking the ribbon of her jewel in her hand, "Little medlar," she continued, "give us a garden more beautiful than our own." Hardly had she finished speaking, when a garden was presented to their view of extraordinary beauty, and which everything that could be imagined to delight the senses appeared in the highest perfection.

The young folks began immediately to run through the beautful alleys, amongst the flower-beds and round about the fountains.

"Do you wish something brother," said Lirette. "But I have nothing to wish for, said he; "except to be loved by you as much as you are loved by me." "Oh," replied she, "my heart can satisfy you on that point. That does not depend on your almond." "Well, then," said Finfin, "almond, little almond, I wish that a great forest should rise near here, in which the King's son shall come to hunt, and fall in love with Mirtis."

"What have I done to you," replied the beautiful girl. "I do not wish to leave the innocent life which we lead." "You are right, my child," said the Good Woman," and I say that this King is a cruel usurper, who has put to death the rightful sovereign and all his family: perhaps the son may be no better than his father."

The Good Woman, however, was quite astonished at the strange wishes of these wonderful children, and knew not what to think of them. When night was come, she retired into the house of roses, and in the morning she found that there was a large forest close to the house. It formed a fine hunting-ground for our young shepherds. Finfin often hunted down in it deer, harts, and roebucks.

He gave a fawn whiter than snow to the lovely Lirette; it followed her as the partridge followed Finfin; and when they were separated for a short period, they wrote to each other, and sent their notes by these messengers. It was the prettiest thing in the world.

The family lived thus tranquilly occupied with different employments, according to the seasons. They always attended to their flocks, but in the summer their occupations were most pleasant. They hunted much in the winter; they had bows and arrows, and sometimes went such long distances that they returned, with slow steps and almost frozen, to the house of roses.

The Good Woman would receive them by a large fire; she did not know which to begin to warm first. "Lirette my daughter Lirette," she would say, "place your little feet here." And taking Mirtis in her arms,—"Mirtis, my child," continued she, "give me your beautiful hands to warm; and you my son Finfin, come nearer." Then placing them all three on a sofa, she would pay them every attention in the most charming and gentle manner.

Thus they passed their days in peace and happiness. The Good Woman wondered at the sympathy between Finfin and Lirette, for Mirtis was as beautiful, and had no less amiable qualities; but certainly Finfin did not love her as fervently as the other. "If they are brother and sister, as I believe," said the Good Woman, "by their matchless beauty, what shall I do? They are so similar in everything, that they must assuredly be of the same blood. If it be so, this affection is very dangerous; if not, I might render it legitimate by letting them marry; and they both love me so much, that their union would ensure joy and peace to my declining days."

In her uncertainty, she had forbidden Lirette, who was fast advancing to womanhood, to be ever alone with Finfin, and for better security she had ordered Mirtis to be always with them. Lirette obeyed her with perfect submission, and Mirtis did also as she had commanded her. The Good Woman had heard speak of a clever fairy, and resolved to go in search of her, and endeavor to enlighten herself respecting the history of these children.

One day, when Lirette was slightly indisposed, and Mirtis and Finfin were out hunting, the Good Woman thought it a convenient opportunity to go in search of Madam Tu-tu, for such was the name of the fairy. She left Lirette therefore at the House of Roses; but she had not got far on her way before she met Lirette's fawn, which was going towards the forest, and at the same time saw Finfins partridge coming from it. They joined each other close to her. It was not without astonishment that she saw round the neck of each a little ribbon, with a paper attached. She called the partridge, which flew to her, and taking the paper from it, she read these lines:—

To Lirette, dear bird, repair—
Absent from her sight I languish—
All my love to her declare—
Secret joy and silent anguish.
Much too cold her heart, I fear,
Such a passion e'er to know.
Were I to her but half as dear,
No greater bliss I'd crave below.

"What words!" cried the Good Woman,—"what phrases! Simple friendship does not express itself with so much warmth." Then she stopped the fawn, which came to lick her hand, she unfastened the paper from its neck, opened it and found in it these words:—

The sun is setting—you are absent yet,
Although you left me by its earliest light!
Return, dear Finfin; surely you forget—
Without you, day to me is endless night!

"Just as they did when I was in the world," continued the Good Woman; "who could have taught Lirette so much in the desert? What can I do to cut betimes the root of so pernicious an evil?" "Eh, Madam, what are you so anxious about?" said the partridge; "let them alone—those who conduct them know better than you."

The Good Woman remained speechless: she knew well that the partridge spoke by means of supernatural art. The notes fell from her hands in her fright; the fawn and the partridge picked them up: the one ran and the other flew; and the partridge called so often "Tu-tu" that the Good Woman thought it must be the powerful fairy who had caused it to speak. She recovered herself a little after this reflection but not feeling equal to the journey she had undertaken, she retraced her steps to the House of Roses.

Meanwhile Finfin and Mirtis had hunted the live long day, and, being tired, they had placed their game on the ground, and sat down to rest under a tree, where they fell asleep.

The King's son also hunted that day in the forest. He missed his suite, and came to a place where our young shepherd and shepherdess were reposing. He contemplated them for some time with wonder. Finfin had made a pillow of his game-bag, and the head of Mirtis reclined on the breast of Finfin.

The Prince thought Mirtis so beautiful, that he precipitately dismounted. from his horse to examine her features with more attention. He judged, by their scrips and the simplicity of their apparel, that they were only some shepherd children. He sighed from grief, having already sighed from love, and this love, even, was follo wed in an instant by jealousy. The position in which he found these young people made him believe that such familiarity could only result from the affection which united them.

In this uneasy state of mind, not being able to tolerate their prolonged repose, he touched the handsome Finfin with his spear. He started up, seeing a man before him, he passed his hand over the face of Mirtis, and awoke her, calling her "sister," a name which dissipated in a moment the alarm of the young Prince.

Mirtis rose up, quite astonished; she had never seen any one but Finfin. The young Prince was the same age as herself. He was superbly attired, and had a face full of charming expression.

Farmer's Department.

PUBLIC ROADS.—In this country a load for two horses is obout sixteen hundred pounds; four horses, thirty-five hundred pounds. Occasionally we see a six-horse team with from five to six tons. These loads are placed upon wagons that are built of the strongest wood to be found in the country, and heavily ironed. They weigh from thirteen hundred to three thousand pounds Light carriages driven over the same roads are capable of making from four to six miles an hour, provided the horse is a good walker, and understands picking his way through mudholes, over deep ruts and stones. The carriages are built to stand this gait for two or three years.

In England the load for a single horse is from three to four tons. The cart or dray is not half the weight of a wag on to carry the same load here. The speed is very much greater. The reason is: Here our roads are generally in a bad condition. They are made by plowing the earth along the sides, and throwing it up towards the centre. We suppose the idea is to make the top act as a roof for the water to run off from. The small stones are thrown up in the fence corners, and the large ones left in their old beds. The result is that the mud of which the road bed is composed becomes soft and cut up into gullies, gutters, mudholes and ruts, making anything but a convenient and comfortable road to drive over, even without a load while in England the roads are covered with broken stones and kept in good condition, with a smooth surface and a foundation so hard that the heaviest loads, do not injure it, enabling the carter to carry heavier loads, make better time, with less wear to his horses and wagon.

The amount of money paid for extra horses to do a given amount of carting, the extra feed, the wear and tear of harness and wagons, and time lost in getting the repairs done, to say nothing of the inconvenience of being stuck in the mud, or compelled to lie idle in bad weather, in five years would pay for taking the loose stones from the fence corners and the adjoining fields, placing them in the road and breaking them so as to form a solid and smoth road bed.

Some farmers are so wedded to the old condition of mud that they have never attempted to make a clean smooth road between their houses and barns. Their hitching place at the house is a mudhole; their road to their carriage house is a mortar bed for three or four months of a year, and of course their horses and carriages are either dirty, or a large amount of time is wasted in cleaning them, and the paint of the carriages badly injured by the operation All this could be remedied by making a good broken stone road and a level hard bottom around the hitching post.

HOW HE DREW IT.—Lately a gentleman sat down to draw a deed and began with "Know one woman by these presents."

"You are wrong," said a bystander; "it ought to be: Know all men."

"Very well," answered the other, "if one woman knows it, all men will of course."

DRUGS & MEDICINES.

HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN BITTERS.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
AND
Hoofland's German Tonic.
Prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
The Great Remedies
FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE
LIVER, STOMACH, OR
DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

Hoofland's German Bitters

Is compounded of the pure Juices, (or as they are medicinally term ed, *Extracts*) of Roots, Herbs and Barks, making a preparation, tinctured, and entire ly free from alcoholic admixture of any kind.

Hoofland's German Tonic,

Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with the purest quality of *Santa Cruz Rum*, Orange, etc., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.

Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use

Hoofland's German Bitters.

In cases of nervous depression, when some alcoholic stimulus is necessary,

Hoofland's German Tonic

should be used.

The Bitters or the Tonic are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues. The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Debility, etc, is very apt to have its functions deranged. The result of which is, that the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases:

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhœa, Disease of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.

DEBILITY,

RESULTING FROM ANY CAUSE WHATEVER; PROSTRATION OF THE SYSTEM, INDUCED BY SEVERE LABOR, HARDSHIPS, EXPOSURE, FEVERS, ETC.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole system. An Appetite is Strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests promptly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes clear and healthy, the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.

Persons Advanced in Life,

And feeling the burden of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendants, will find in the use of this BITTERS, or the TONIC, an elixir that will impart new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

NOTICE.

It is a well-established fact that fully one-half of the female population are seldom in the enjoyment of good health, or, in other words, to use their own expression, "never well." They are languid, devoid of energy, extremely nervous, and have no appetite.

To this class we point—to the BITTERS, or the TONIC, as especially recommended.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN

Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. Not a case ever came under the observation of the proprietors, but what, by the use of one or both of these remedies, was speedily benefited. Thousands of certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietors, within the short space of the publication of but a few. Those, it will be observed, are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.

TESTIMONIALS.

Hon. Geo. W. Woodward,

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pa., writes

Philadelphia, March 16, 1867.

"I find Hoofland's German Bitters is a combination of tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility, and want of nervous action in the system.

"Yours truly,

"GEO. W. WOODWARD."

Hon. James Thompson,

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, April 29, 1868.

"I consider Hoofland's German Bitters a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it.

"Yours, with respect,

"JAMES THOMPSON."

From Rev. Joseph H. Kennard, D.D,

Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

Dr. Jackson—Dear Sir: I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicine, but, regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined. In this instance, however, I have in my own family, of the excellence of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, *for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint*, it is a most valuable preparation. In some cases it may fail, but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.

Yours, very respectfully,

J. H. KENNARD,
Eighth, below Coates St.

From Rev. E. D. Fendall,

Assistant Editor Christian Chronicle, Philadelphia.

I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic to all who are suffering from general debility or from diseases arising from derangement of the liver.

Yours truly,

E. D. FENDALL.

CAUTION.

Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. See that the signature of C. M. JACKSON is on the wrapper of each bottle. All others are counterfeit.

Principal Office and Manufactory at the German Medicine Store, No. 631 ARCH Street, Philadelphia.

CHARLES M. EVANS,
German Druggist, Proprietor,
Formerly C. M. Jackson & Co.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines.

PRICES.

Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle.....$1 00
" " half dozen..... 5 00
Hoofland's German Tonic, put up in quart bottles..... 1 50
per bottle, or a half dozen for..... 7 50

☞ Do not forget to examine well the article you buy, in order to get the genuine.

HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN TONIC.

January 31, 1868

DRY GOODS.

MILLER'S STORE.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

The subscriber has just returned from the cities with another large and select assortment of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
purchased in New York and Philadelphia at the lowest figure, and which he is determined to sell on as moderate terms as can be procured else where in Bloomsburg. His stock comprises
LADIES' DRESS GOODS
of the choicest styles and latest fashions, together with a large assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, consisting of the following articles:

Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Shawls,
Flannels,
Silks,
White Goods,
Linens,
Hoop Skirts,
Muslins,
Hollowware
Cedarware
Hardware
Queensware,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps,
Hoop Nets,
Umbrellas,
Looking-Glasses,
Tobacco,
Coffee,
Sugars,
Teas,
Rice,
Allspice,
Ginger,
Cinnamon,
Nutmegs,

AND NOTIONS GEN RALLY.

In short, everything usually kept in country stores, to which he invites the attention of the public generally. The highest price will be paid for country produce in exchange for goods,

S. H. MILLER & SON.
Arcade Buildings, Bloomsburg, Pa.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES
AT PETER ENT'S STORE,
IN LIGHT STREET,
OF
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

THE subscriber has just received and has on hand at his old stand in Light Street, a large and select
ASSORTMENT OF MERCHANDISE
purchased at the lowest figure, and which he determined to sell on as moderate terms as be procured elsewhere in Light Street,

FOR CASH OR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

His stock consists of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
choicest styles and latest fashions,
Calicoes, Muslins,
Ginghams, Flannels,
Hosiery, Carpets,
Silks, Shawls,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
Satinetts, Cassimers,
Cottonades, Kentucky Jeans.
&c., &c. &c.
GROCERIES, MACKERAL,
Queensware, Cedarware, Hardware, Medicines, Drugs, Oils, Paints, &c.
BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS.

In short everything usually kept in a country store. The patronage of his old friends and the public generally, is respectfully solicited.

The highest market price paid for country produce.

PETER ENT.
Light Street, Nov. 8 1867.

J. J. BROWER,

Is now offering to the public his Stock of
SPRING GOODS
consisting in part of a full line of
INGRAIN, WOOL AND RAG
CARPETS,
Fine cloths and cassimere for Ladies' coats.
HANDSOME DRESS GOODS,
of all patterns and qualities, Inlaids and Prints of various qualities and prices,
BLEACHED AND BROWN MUSLINS,
LADIE'S FRENCH CORSETS,
AND
BALMORAL SKIRTS.
Good assortment of
LADIES' & CHILDREN'S GAITERS & BOOTS.
Fresh Groceries and Spices. New assortment
GLASS AND QUEENS-WARE,
FX—NO. 1 MACKEREL
in one-half and one-fourth barrels.

Now is the time to make your selections, as I am offering goods at very low prices, and our motto is fair dealing to all, and not to be undersold by any.

J. J. BROWER.
Bloomsburg, April 12, 1867.

H. C. HOWER,

has opened a first-class
BOOT, SHOE, HAT CAP, AND FUR STORE,
at the old stand on Main Street, Bloomsburg, a few doors above the Court House. His stock is composed of the very latest and best styles ever offered to the citizens of Columbia County. He can accommodate the public with the following goods at the lowest rates. Men's heavy double soled stogy boots, men's double and single soled kip boots, men's heavy stogy shoes of all kinds, men's fine boots and shoes of all grades, boy's double soled boots and shoes of all kinds, men's glove kid Balmoral shoes, men's, women's, boys' and misses' lasting gaiters, women's glove kid Polish very fine, women's morocco Balmoral and calf shoes, women's very fine kid buttoned gaiters. In short boots of all descriptions both pegged and sewed.

He would also call attention to his fine assortment of
HATS, CAPS, FURS AND NOTIONS,
which comprises all the new and popular varieties at prices which cannot fail to suit all. These goods are offered at the lowest cash rates and will be guaranteed to give satisfaction. A call is solicited before purchasing elsewhere as it is believed that better bargains are to be found than at any other place in the county.
Dec. 6'67

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY,

Bloomsburg, Pa.
M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER
the successors of
WILLIAM SLOAN & SON
continue the business of making
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,
and every style of
FANCY WAGONS,
which they have constantly on hand to suit customers. Never using any mater al but the be and employing the most experienced workmen they hope to continue as heretofore to give entire satisfaction to every customer. An inspection of their work, and of the reasonable price asked for he same, is sure to insure a sale.

WARREN'S

IMPROVE FIRE AND WATER PROOF
FELT AND CEMENT ROOFING!

The advantages which this composition possesses are many. It is both water-tight and fire-proof. It is not affected by heat or cold. It can be applied to an almost perfectly flat roof, one inch to the foot being all that is required. It is easily and quickly repaired. Its cost is less than any other fire-proof roof now in use. Testimonials from all parts of the country as to its durability, security and cheapness will be shown by

JOHN W. KRAMER,
June 26'68. Agent, Bloomsburg, Pa.

A fine specimen of the roofing can be seen at W. B. Koons' new house on Fifth Street,

PUMPS! PUMPS FOR SALE.

The undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of this place and vicinity that he is prepared to furnish, at short notice, one of the best WOODEN PUMPS for Wells and Cisterns ever offered to the public. They are guaranteed to throw more water in less time and with less labor than any other pump in this part of the country and they cannot be surpassed for beauty or finish, or simplicity of arrangement, also combining cheapness and durability. Each pump being warranted to perform its work well or no sale. Elias Shuman is agent for Columbia county. Price 75 cents per foot raised in the well. Orders by mail or otherwise promptly attended to.

sept. 4,'68-1y ELIAS SHUMAN, Catawissa Pa.

M. ARTMAN. C. H. DILLINGER. E. R. RATMAN,

ARTMAN, DILLINGER & CO.,

NO. 226 NORTH THIRD STREET,
(*Nearly opposite James, Kent, Souder & Co.*)
Wholesale Dealers in
YARNS, MATTING, WADDING, CARPETS OIL CLOTHS, SHADES, FLY NETS,
GRAIN BAGS, CORDAGE, &C. ALSO,
WILLOW AND WOODEN WARE,
BRUSHES, TRUNKS, LOOKING GLASSES, ETC.
May 10, 1867-1y.

RAIL ROADS.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

On and after May 10th 1868, Trains will leave NORTHUMBERLAND as follows:

NORTHWARD.

425 A. M., Daily to Williamsport, (except Sunday) for Elmira, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Suspension Bridge, and N. Falls.
650 P. M., Daily, (except Sundays) for Elmira and Buffalo via Erie Railway from Elmira.
6.10 P. M., Daily, (except Sundays) for Williamsport.

TRAINS SOUTHWARD.

2.35 A. M. Daily (except Monday's) for Baltimore.
WILMINGTON AND PHILADELPHIA.
9.30 P. M. Daily (except Sunday's) for Baltimore Washington and Philadelphia.

ED. S. YOUNG,
General Passenger Agent.

LACKAWANNA AND BLOOMSBURG RAILROAD

On and after Nov 30th, 1868, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

	Going South. Leave a. m.	Leave p. m.	Going North. Arrive a. m.	Arrive p. m.
Scranton	5.25	4.10	12.05	9.45
			Leave	
Pittston	6.09	4.47	11.30	9.10
Kingston	6.20	5.25	10.57	8.40
Plymouth	6.42	5.50	7.41	8.25
Shickshinny	7.22	6.40	9.07	7.38
Berwick	7.35	6.15	8.30	6.58
Bloom	8.30	6.55	7.40	6.16
Rupert	8.34	7.47	8.18	6.00
Danville	9.01	8.30	7.46	5.23
	Arrive	Arrive	Leave	Leave
North'd	9.43	8.05	7.10	4.45

The 11.10 Train at Scranton makes connections with Express Train for New York at 3 o'clock p. m., arriving in New York 9.00 p. m.

H. A. FONDA, Sup't.

1868. 1868.

PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD.—

WINTER TIME TABLE.

THROUGH AND DIRECT ROUTE BETWEEN PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, HARRISBURG, WILLIAMSPORT, AND THE
GREAT OIL REGION OF PENNSYLVANIA.
ELEGANT SLEEPING CARS
On all Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY, Nov. 23rd 1868, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Philadelphia.....10.45 p.m.
" " " Northumberland..6.10 a.m.
" " arr. at Erie.....9.50p.m.
ERIE EXPRESS leaves Philadelphia.....11.50 m.
" " " North'd.....6.50 p.m.
" " arr. at Erie.....10.00 a.m.
ELMIRA MAIL leaves Philadelphia.....8.00 a.m.
" " " North'd.....4.25 p.m.
" " arr. at Lock Haven.....7.45 p.m.

EASTWARD.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Erie.....10.55 a.m.
" " " North'd.....2.35 a.m.
" " arr. at Philadelphia.....10.00 a.m.
ERIE EXPRESS leaves Erie.....6.35 p.m.
" " " North'd.....3.30 a.m.
" " arr. at Philadelphia.....4.20 p.m.

Mail and Express connects with Oil Creek and Allegheny River Rail Road. Baggage checked through.

A. L. TYLER,
General Superintendent, Williamsport.

CATAWISSA RAILROAD—On and after MONDAY, Nov. 23, 1868, Passenger trains on the Catawissa Railroad will run at the following named hours:

Mail South.	STATIONS.	*Mail North*
Dep. 7.50 a.m	Williamsport.	Arr, 6.16 p. m.
" 8.20 "	Muncy.	Dep. 5.41 "
" 8.50 "	Watsontown.	" 5.12 "
" 9.10 "	Milton.	" 4.55 "
" 9.52 "	Danville.	" 4.10 "
" 10.12 "	Rupert.	" 3.55 "
" 10.25 "	Catawissa.	" 3.35 "
" 11.10 "	Ringtown.	" 2.28 "
" 12.30 p.m.	Summit.	" 1.50 "
" 12.45 "	Quakake.	" 1.40 "
" 1.00 "	E. Mahony Junc.	" 1.20 "
" 2.15 "	Dine. Tamaqua. Dine.	" 1.10 "
" 4.25 "	Reading.	" 10.40 a.m.
Arr. 6.45 "	Philadelphia.	" 8.15 "
" 10.50 "	To New York via. Reading or Mauch Chunk.	" 7.00 "
	From New York via. Mauch Chunk.	

No Change of cars between Williamsport and Philadelphia.

GEO. WEBB Sup't.

READING RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGMENT, Dec. 14th, 1868.

Great Trunk Line from the North and North-West for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Ashland, Lebanon, Allentown, Easton, Epirata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.,

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 2,50, 5,35 and 8,10 a. m., 12,40 noon and 2,05 & 9,35p.m., connecting with similar trains on the Pa. Railroad, and arriving at New York at 5,00, 10,00 & 11,50 a.m., & 3,50 7,40 & 10,30 p.m. Sleeping cars accompanying the 2,50 a.m. and 10,50 p.m. trains without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8,10 a.m., and 2,05 and 4,10 p.m., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4,10 p.m. making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad, leave Harrisburg at 3,30 p.m. Returning: Leave New York at 9,00 a.m. and 12,00 m., and 5,10 and 8,00 p.m. Sleeping cars accompanying the 8,00 a.m., and 5,10 and 8,00 p. m., trains without change. Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7,30 a.m., returning from Reading at 6,35 p.m stopping at all stations; Pottsville at 8,45 a. m., and 2,45 p.m., Ashland 6,00 a.m and 12,40 noon, and 2,00 p.m., Tamaqua at 8,30 a. m and 1,00 and 8,45 p. m.

Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 7,10 a.m. and 12,00 noon.

Reading Accommodation Train leaves Reading at 7,30 a.m., returning from Philadelphia at 5,15 p.m.

Pottstown Accommodation Train leaves Pottstown at 6,45 a.m.., returning, leaves Philadelphia at 4,30 p.m.

Columbia Railroad Trains: leave Reading at 7,00 a.m., and 6-15 p.m. for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.,

Perkiomen Rail Road Trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 9,00 a.m., and 5,35 p. m. Returning: Leave Skippack at 6,45 a.m., and 1,15 p.m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad

On Sundays, leave New York at 8,00 p.m., Philadelphia 8,00 a.m. and 5,15 p.m., the 8,00 a.m. train running only to Reading; Pottsville 8,00 a.m.; Harrisburg 8,25 a.m. and 4,40 and 9,35 p.m., and Reading at 1,40 and 7,55 a.m. for Harrisburg, and 7,00 a.m., and 11,40 p.m. for New York, and 4,25 p.m. for Philadelphia.

Commutation, Mileage, Excursion, School and Excursion tickets to and from all points, at reduced rates.

Baggage checked through; 150 pounds allowed to each passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
General Superintendent.
Reading, Pa., May 20, 1868.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST!

THE SINGER SEWING MACHINE
HEADS THE LIST,
And leads the column 4,068 ahead of all others. This Machine is the
MOST POPULAR IN USE.
It uses the finest needle of any Machine in existence,
Any lady wanting a good
SEWING MACHINE,
Will consult her own interests by buying a SINGER. It is easier to run, learn and keep in order than any Machine in the world.
OVER 350,000 OF THEM IN USE.
The fullest instruction given those who purchase, and the Machine WILL BE WARRANTED to you for one year.
Please call at my Store and satisfy yourselves. Here you will find Needles, Taread and Silk.
DAVID LOWENBERG, Agent
April 3,'68-tf. Bloomsburg, Pa.

COLUMBIA HOUSE
BY
BERNARD STOHNER.

HAVING lately purchased and fitted up the well-known Robison Hotel Property, located a
FEW DOORS ABOVE THE COURT HOUSE,
on the same side of the street, in the town of Bloomsburg; and having obtained a license for the same as a
RESTAURANT,
the Proprietor has determined to give to the people visiting the town on business or pleasure,
A LITTLE MORE ROOM.

His stabling also is extensive, and is fitted up to put buggies and carriages in the dry. He promises that everything about his establishment shall be conducted in an orderly and lawful manner; and he respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage. [may17'67-6m.

GET THE BEST.

Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod is the best protection against disaster by lightning ever invnedo. The subscriber is agent for the love invention, and all orders by mail or in person will be promptly attended to.

May 15,'68 E. R. BIDLEMAN.

CHILDREN'S SHOES

FROM TEN CTS. PER PAIR TO TWO DOLLARS AND A HALF.
AT I. W. HARMAN'S

GROCERIES, &c.,

CONFECTIONERY.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the public that he has opened a
FIRST-CLASS CONFECTIONERY STORE,
in the building lately occupied by Bernard Stohner, where he is prepared to furnish all kinds of
PLAIN & FANCY CANDIES,
FRENCH CANDIES,
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS,
NUTS, RAISINS, &C., &C., &C.
BY WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

In short, a full assortment of all goods in his line of business. A great variety of
DOLLS, TOYS, &c.,
suitable for the Holidays. Particular attention given to
BREAD AND CAKES,
of all kinds, fresh every day.
CHRISTMAS CANDIES,
CHRISTMAS TOYS.

A call is solicited, and satisfaction will be guaranteed.

Nov. 22, 1867. ECKHART JACOBS.

REMOVAL OF
C. C. MARR'S
NEW STORE
TO SHIVE'S BLOCK,
ON THE CORNER OF MARKET AND IRON STREETS.

The undersigned having received from the city a full and complete supply of
SPRING AND SUMMER
DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,
NOTIONS,
TIN-WARE AND HARD-WARE,
CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE,
CONFECTIONERY, GLASS-WARE,
TOBACCO,
HATS AND SHOES,
FLOUR, SALT, FISH, AND MEAT,
all of which I propose selling at a very low figure for cash or produce.

☞ Call and see.

April 12, 1867. C. C. MARR.

GRAND OPENING
GRAND OPENING
GRAND OPENING
GRAND OPENING
GRAND OPENING
OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

consisting of
consisting of
consisting of
consisting of
consisting of

DRY GOODS,
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DRY GOODS,
DRY GOODS,
DRY GOODS,

HATS AND CAPS,
HATS AND CAPS,
HATS AND CAPS,
HATS AND CAPS,
HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,
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LOOKING-GLASSES,
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LOOKING-GLASSES,

NOTIONS,
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PAINTS AND OILS,
PAINTS AND OILS,
PAINTS AND OILS,
PAINTS AND OILS,
PAINTS AND OILS,

GROCERIES,
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GROCERIES,

QUEENSWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
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QUEENSWARE

HARDWARE,
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TINWARE,
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TINWARE,

SALT,
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FISH,
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FISH,

GRAIN AND SEEDS,
GRAIN AND SEEDS,
GRAIN AND SEEDS,
GRAIN AND SEEDS,
GRAIN AND SEEDS,

&c., &c., &c.,

AT
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,

Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

in large quantities and at reduced rates, alway on hand.

SCHELL, BERGER & CO.,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS
Dealers in
FISH, SALT, CHEESE, PROVISIONS, &c.,
Nos. 122 and 124 North Wharves, above Arch St.
Philadelphia.

Sole agents for Wilcox's Wheel Grease, in bar rels, kegs, and cans.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, RICE, SPICES, SI CARB SODA, &C., &C.

☞ Orders will receive prompt attention.

May 10, 1867-1y.

H. V. PETERMAN,

with LIPPINCOTT & TROTTER,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
No. 21 North Water Street,
and No. 20 North Delaware Avenue
Philadelphia.

WEAVER & SPRANKLE,

WHOLESALE GROCERIES AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Nos. 225 and 227 Arch Street
Philadelphia.

M. M. MARPLE,

NOTIONS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, AND FANCY GOODS,
No. 53 North Third Street,
Philadelphia.

I. H. WALTER,

Late Walter & Kaub,
Importer and Dealer in
CHINA, GLASS, AND QUEENSWARE,
No. 421 Market Street.
Philadelphia.

JOHN STROUP & CO.,

Successors to Stroup & Brother,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FISH,
No. 44 South Wharves, and 35 North Water St.,
Philadelphia.

IRON, TINWARE, &C.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY,

Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pa.

The subscriber, proprietor of the above-named extensive establishment, is now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of
MACHINERY FOR COLLIERIES, BLAST
FURNACES, STATIONARY ENGINES,
MIL